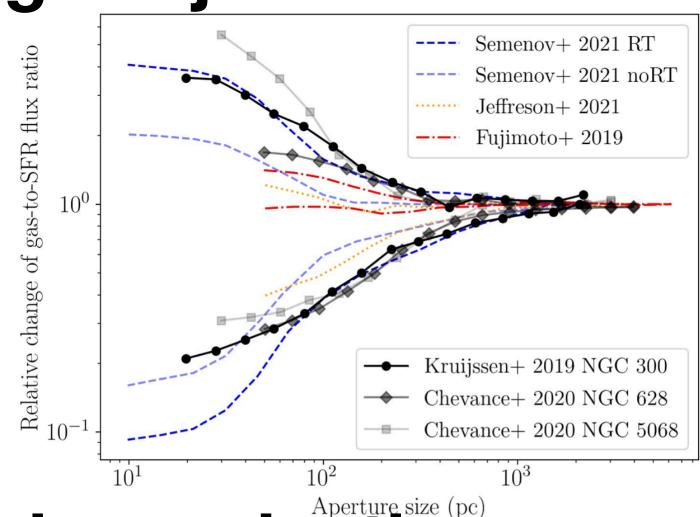
Discussion on stellar radiation feedback in galaxies

My impression of stellar radiation feedback

It is an efficient regulator of star formation and gas ejection

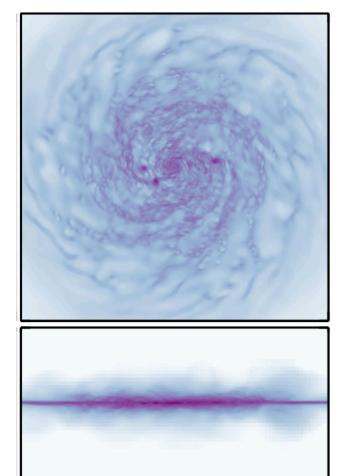
...on molecular cloud scales





It is an inefficient regulator of star formation and gas ejection

...on galaxy scales



Way back in 2012

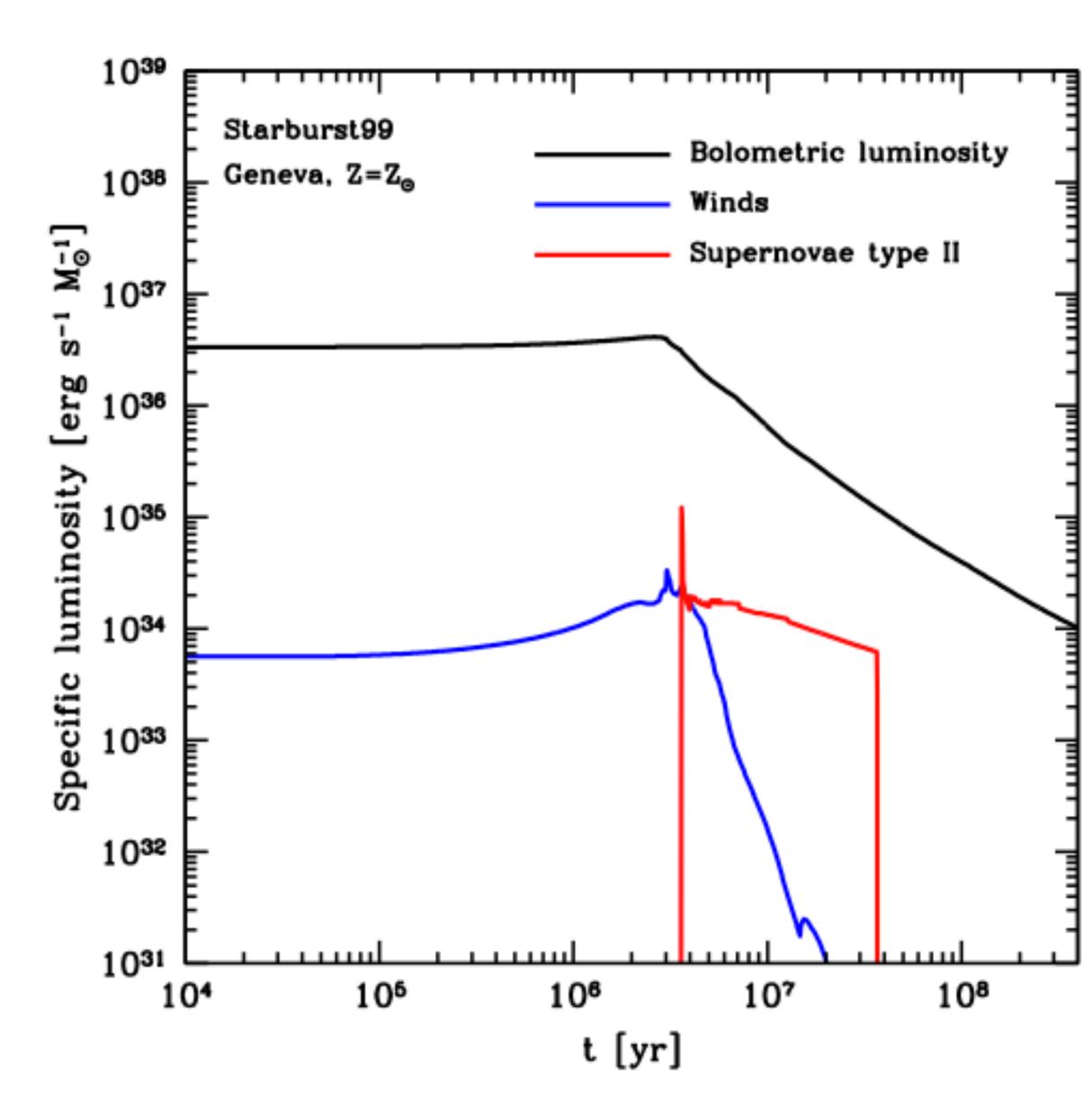
Stellar radiation dominates the feedback energy,

this inspired sub-grid models of efficient radiation feedback (Agertz, Ceverino, FIRE, Nihao),

plus the famous IR boost in FIRE.

But:

- Continuous injection of energy vs bursty in SNe
- Heats the gas to only ~10⁴ K
- Low momentum: total 'push' comparable to SNe
- Not obvious how well it couples to the gas



From Agertz et al (2012)

RHD simulations

In the 2010s, many codes had RHD implemented

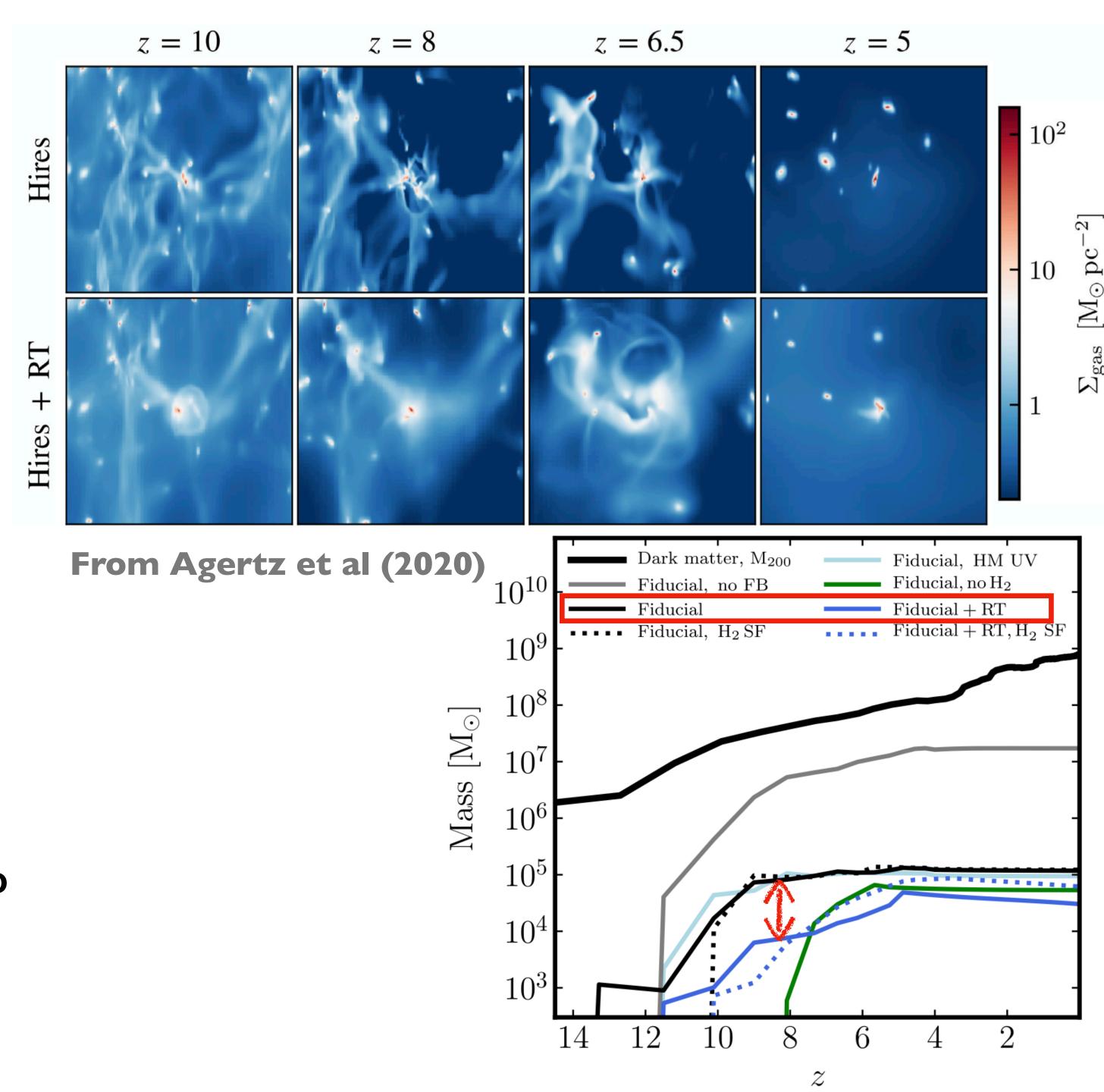
The results were underwhelming: mild SF suppression in low-mass galaxies, smaller mass loading factors

(Rosdahl+15, Kannan+18, Emerick+18, Peters+16, Agertz+20, ...)

Hints of positive radiation feedback in cosmological simulations, *enhancing* star formation and outflows,

(M Smith+21, Rey+25, Sugimura+25)

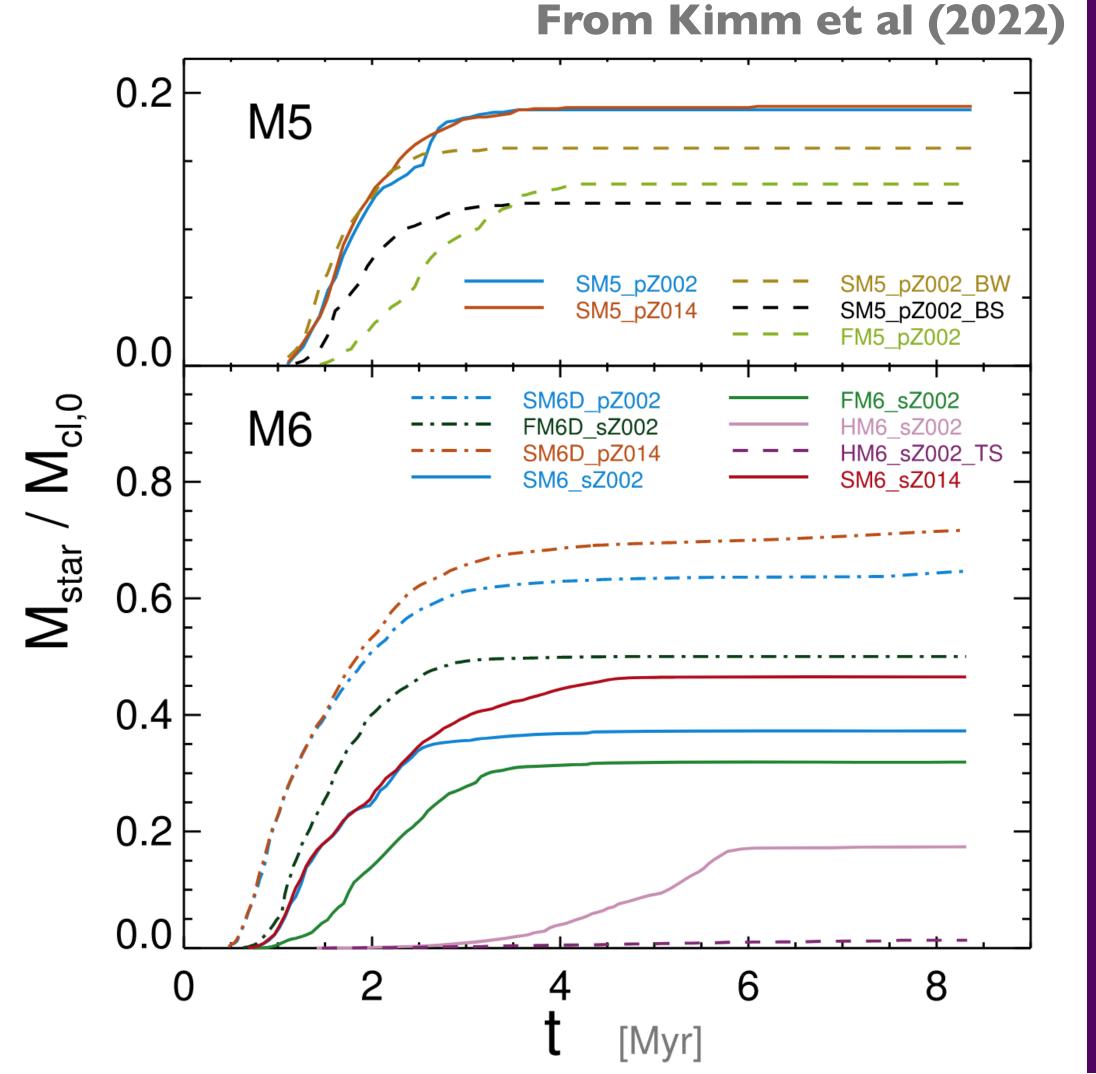
..and all due to heating. In simulations, radiation pressure seems to do nothing, but observations may not agree.

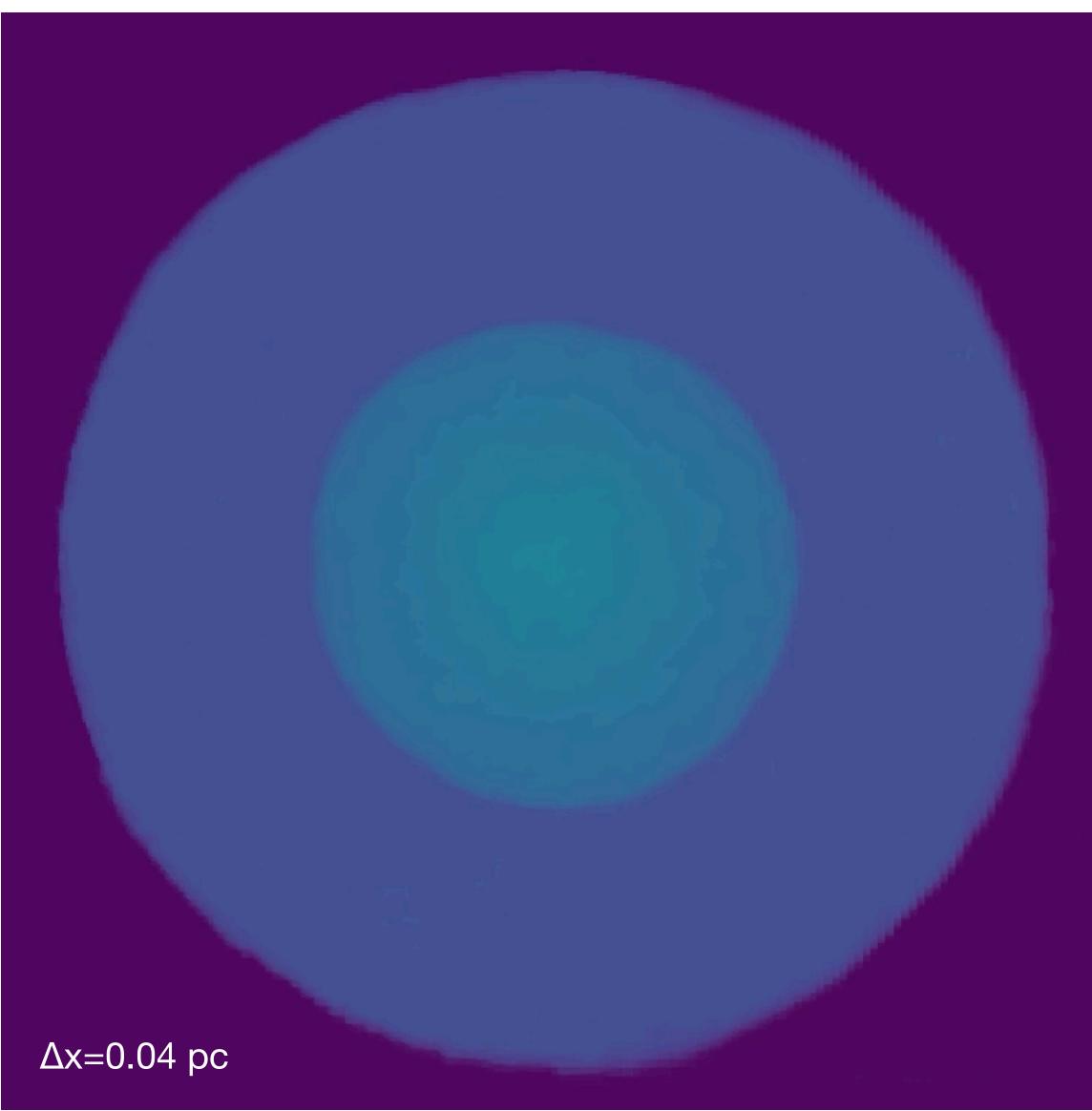


But different story in molecular clouds

FUV radiation destroys clouds in ~3 Myrs, before SNe

(see Starforge project, Kim+18, Semenov+21)





But different story in molecular clouds

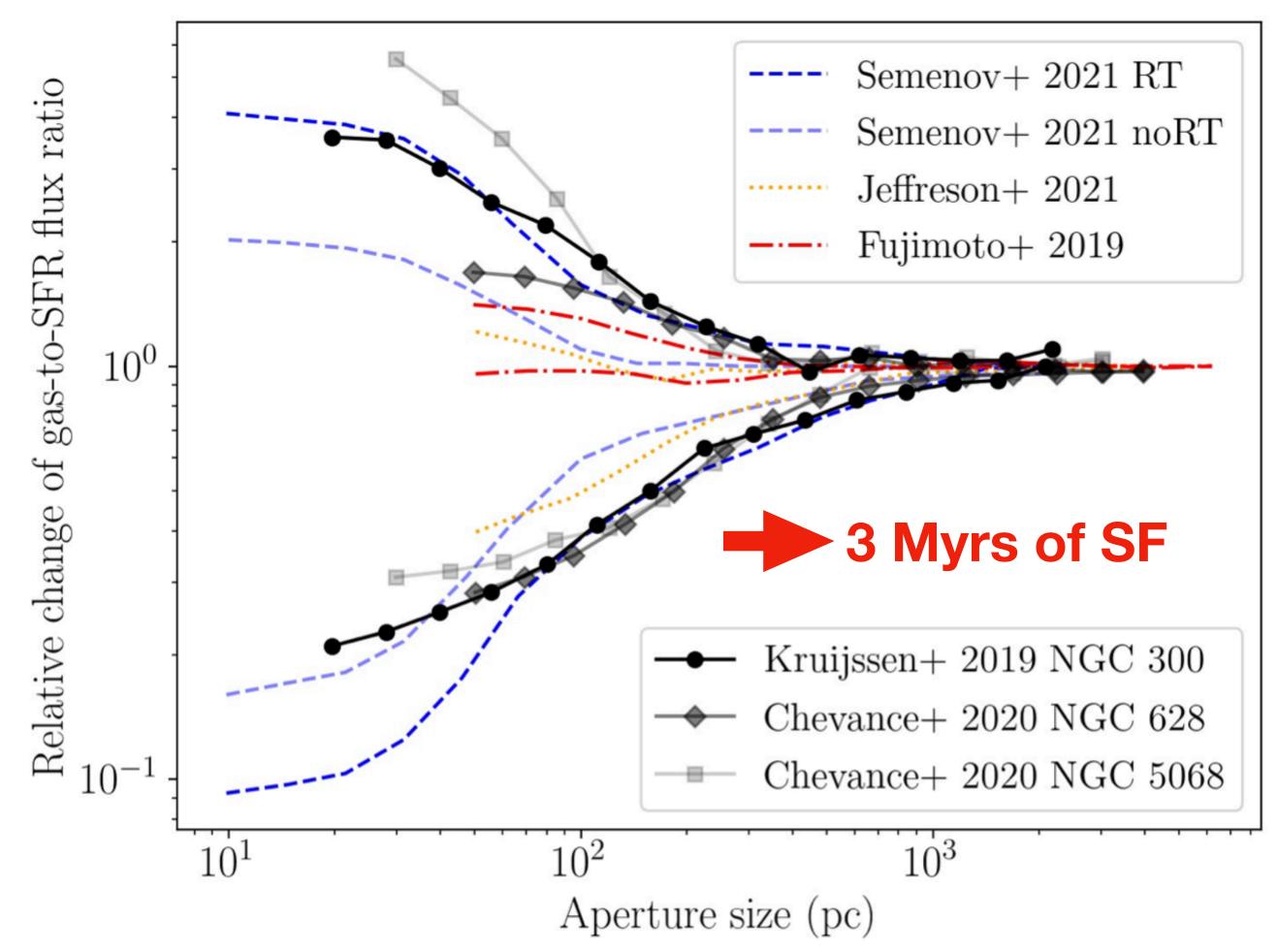
FUV radiation destroys clouds in ~3 Myrs, before SNe

(see 'Forged in FIRE', Kim+18, Semenov+21)

...more or less in agreement with high-resolution ISM

observations! (Chevance+, Ramambason+25)

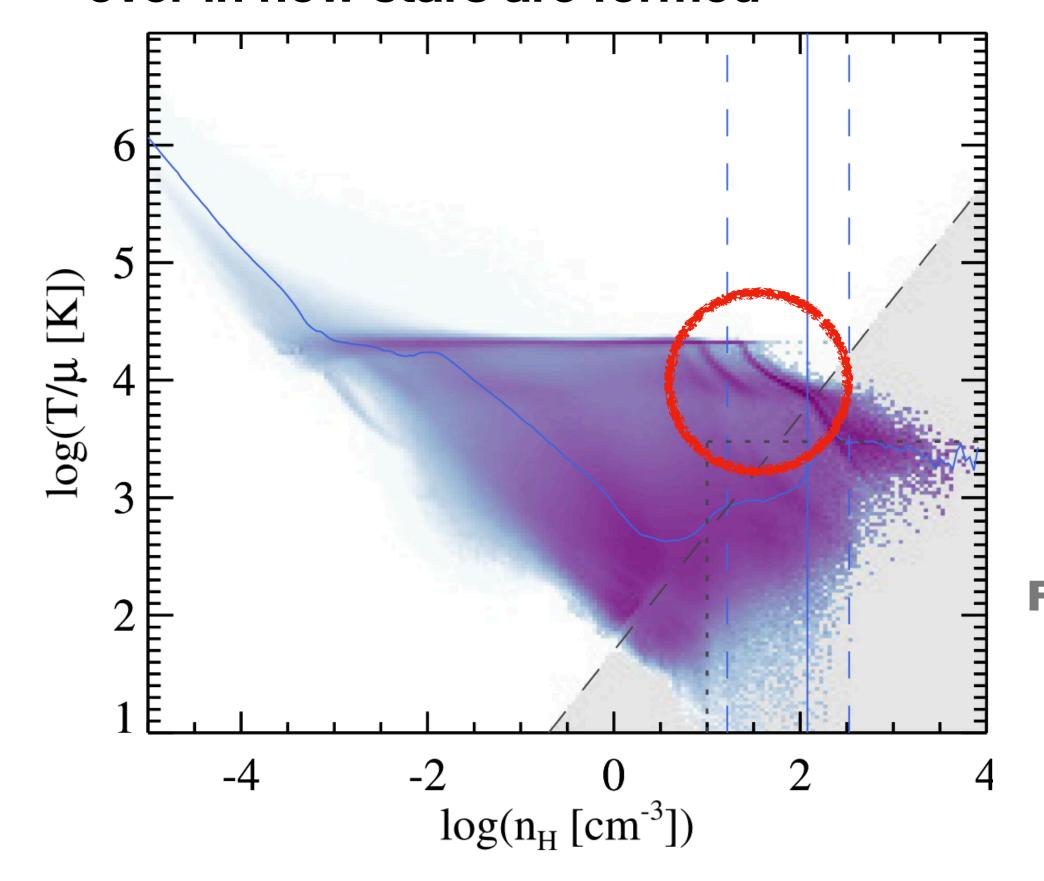
From Chevance et al (2023)



Can radiation feedback be both strong and weak?

Sure! But I don't trust the galaxy-scale simulations just yet.

Resolving Strömgren spheres is a big issue in simulations and requires a doover in how stars are formed



Strömgren sphere radius over resolution G8 and G9 Full cell into star conversion 10^{-2} 10^{-2} 10^{0} 10^{-1} 10^2 10^{3} 10¹ $n_{\rm H} \, [{\rm cm}^{-3}]$ From Rosdahl et al (2015) HII regions are <u>always</u> unresolved for n_H≥50 H/cc

Key questions on radiation feedback

- Can we reconcile weak effects on galactic scales with strong effects in molecular clouds?
- Are we totally underestimating radiation feedback on galactic scales due to lack of resolution? How do we get around the resolution issue?
- Have we given up on radiation pressure and IR boost? See observations by Deb Pathak!
- How can we constrain these processes with observations and theory?
- What about Lya radiation pressure?
- And reionisation-feedback?
- Photoelectric feedback?
- How does radiation feedback interplay with cosmic rays? Or stellar winds?