

# A Song of Fire and Feedback

# Quenching Galaxies with Large-Scale AGN Driven Winds

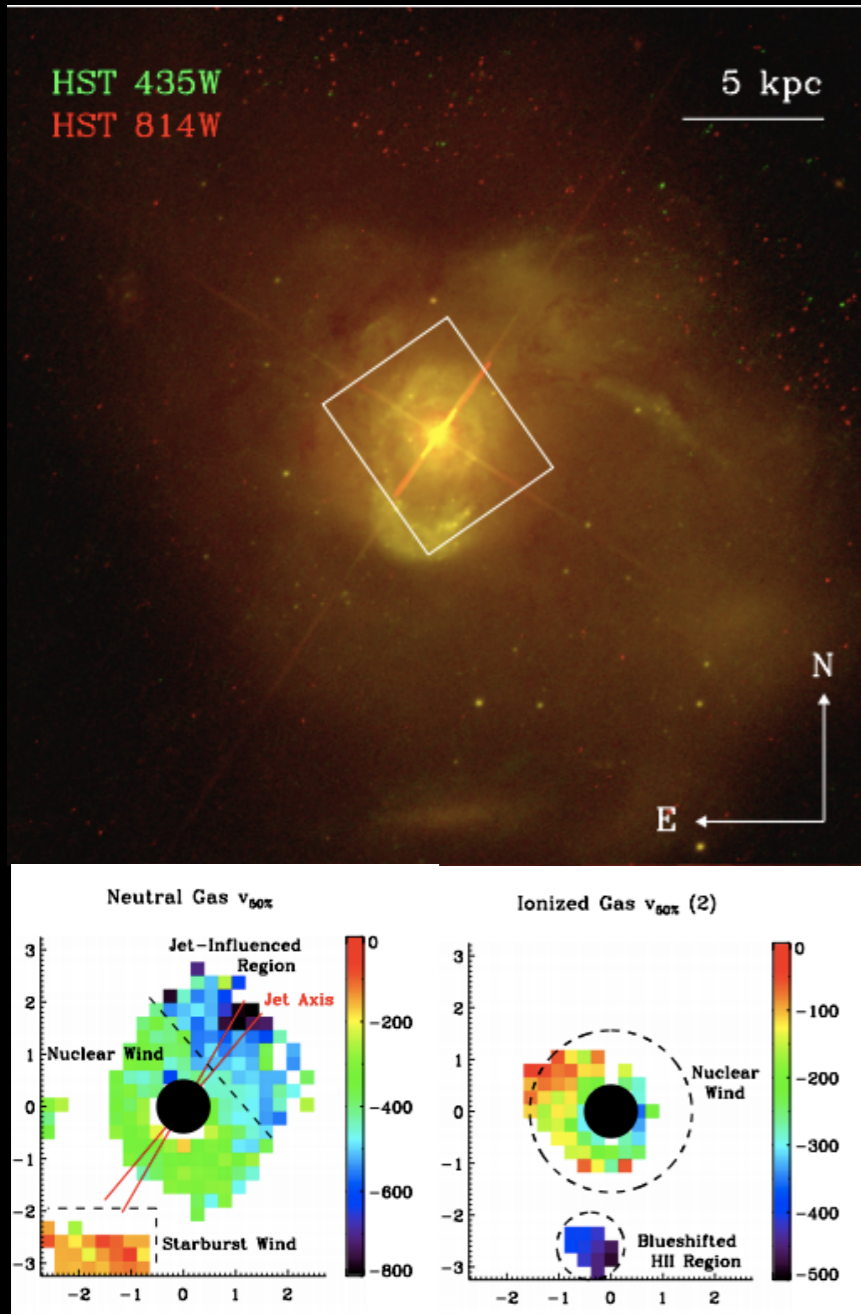
**Michael Tremmel**

**YCAA Fellow, Yale University**

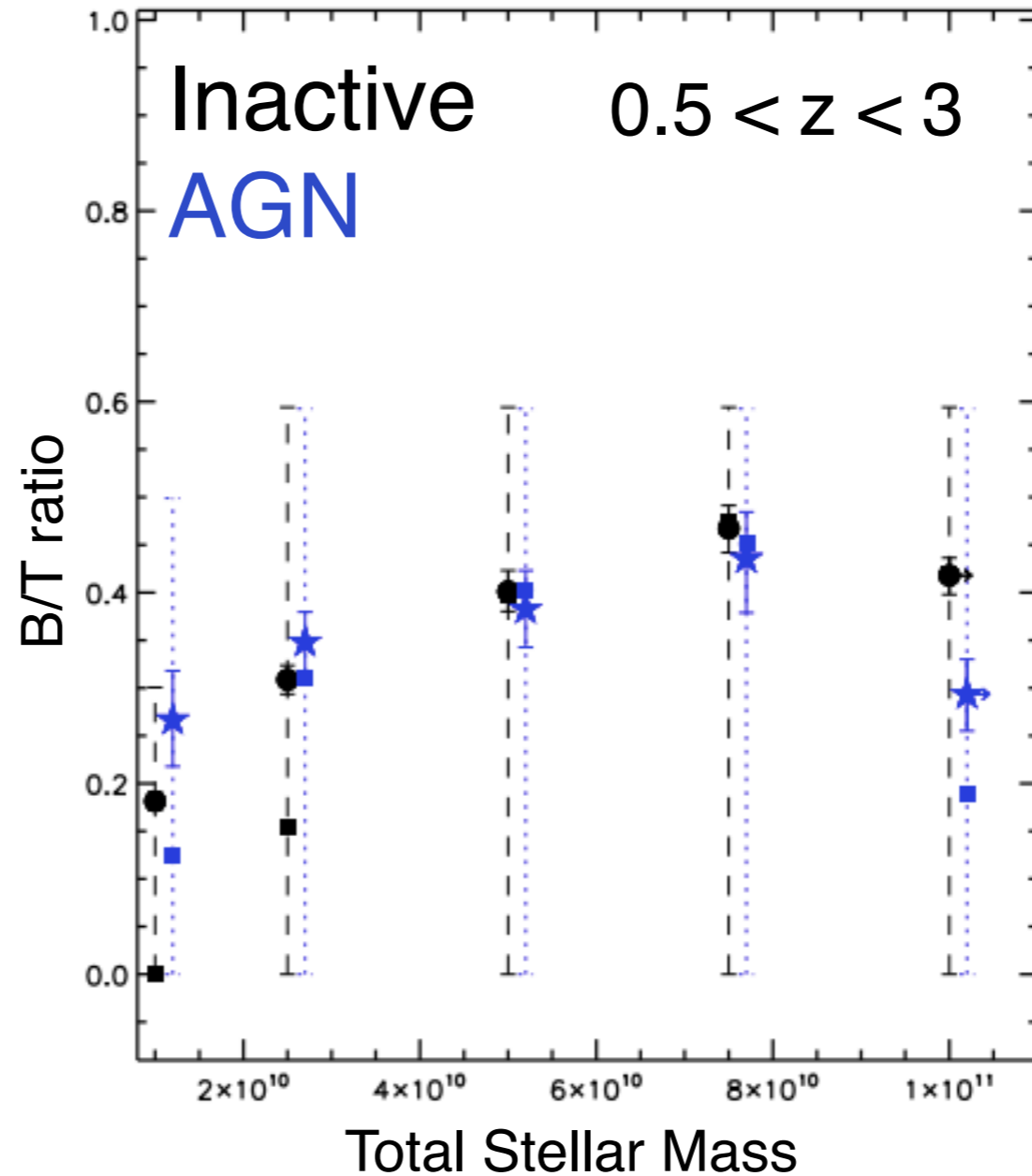
Andrew Pontzen (UCL),  
Fabio Governato (UW),  
Tom Quinn (UW),  
Marta Volonteri (IAP),  
Arif Babul (Victoria),  
Daisuke Nagai (Yale),  
Priya Natarajan (Yale),  
Urmila Chadayammuri (Yale),  
Angelo Ricarte (Yale),  
Nina Roth (AIA),  
Hiranya V. Peiris (UCL),  
Amélie Saintonge (UCL)  
Nicole Sanchez (UW)

# AGN and Quenching

## How does AGN feedback regulate star formation in massive galaxies?



Rupke & Veilleux 2011

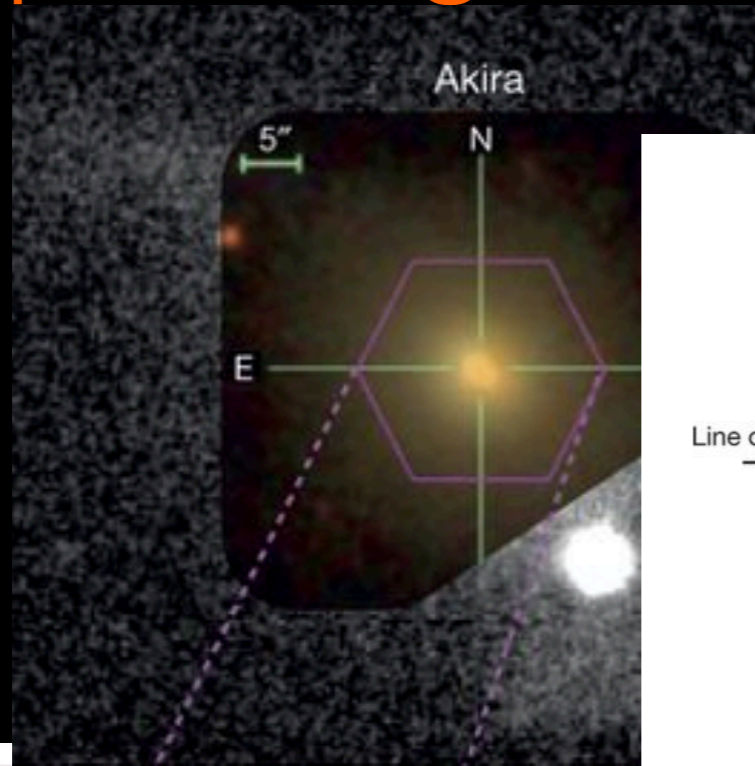


Bruce+ 2016

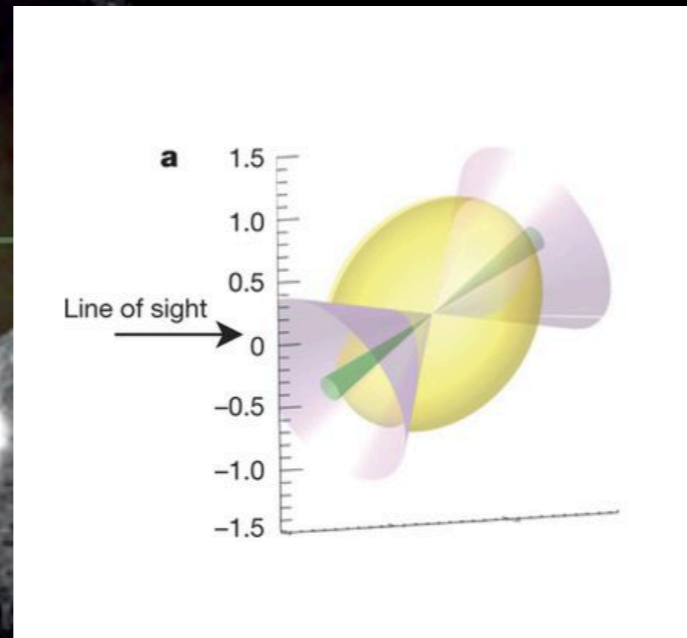
See Also:  
Cisternas+ 2011;  
Schawinski+ 2012;  
Rosario+ 2013,2015;  
Villforth+ 2014;  
Forster Schreiber+ 2014

# AGN and Quenching

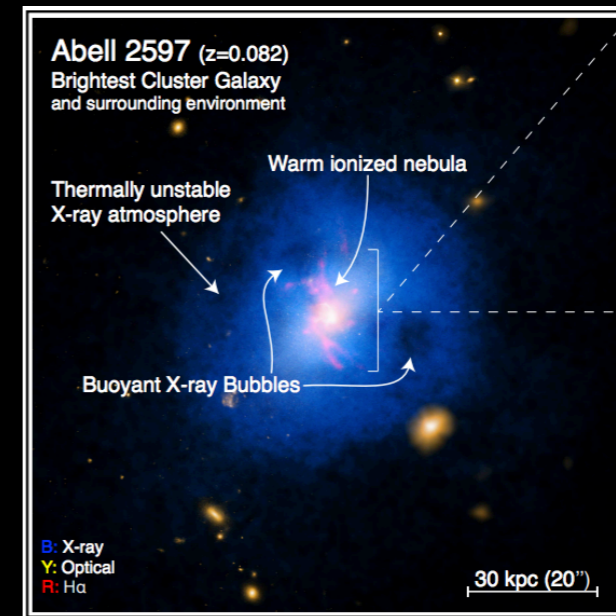
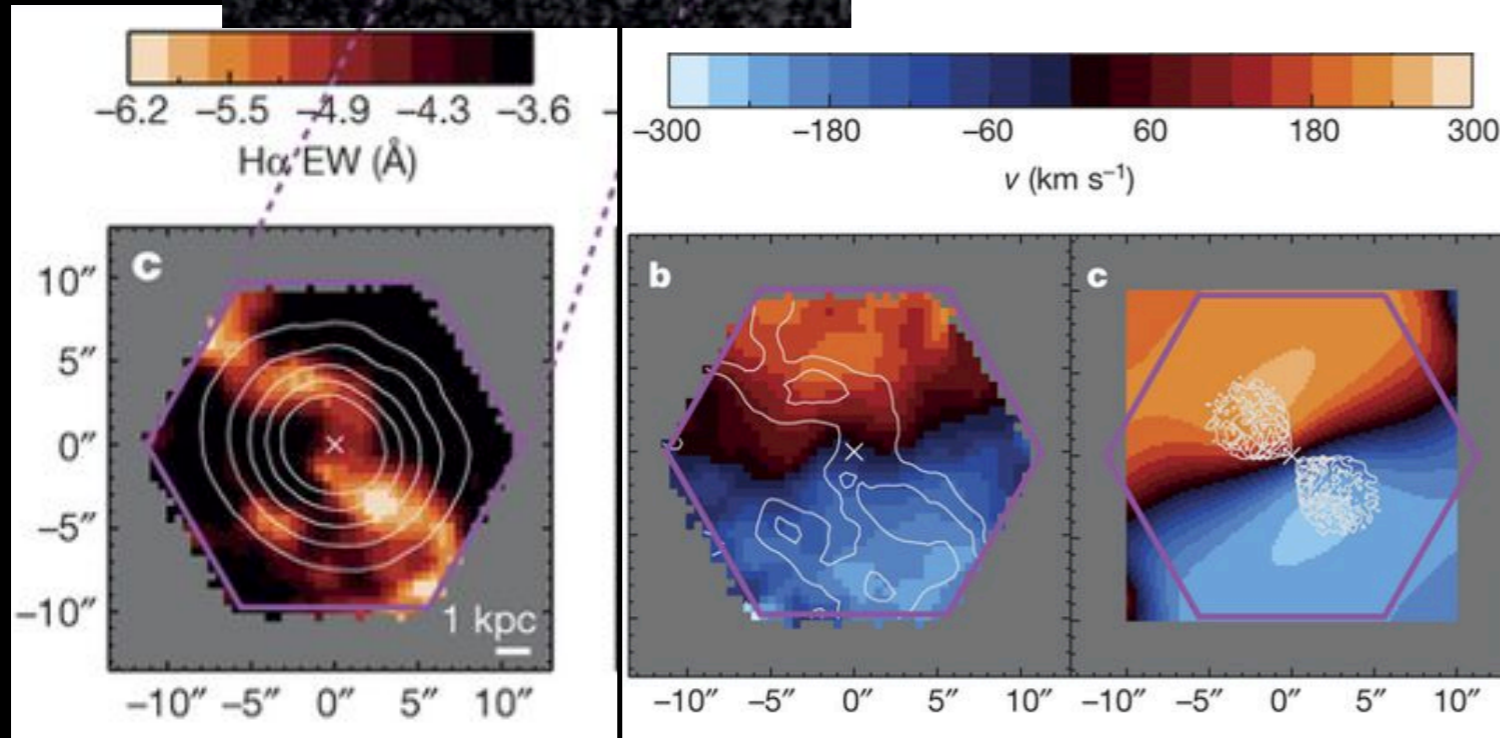
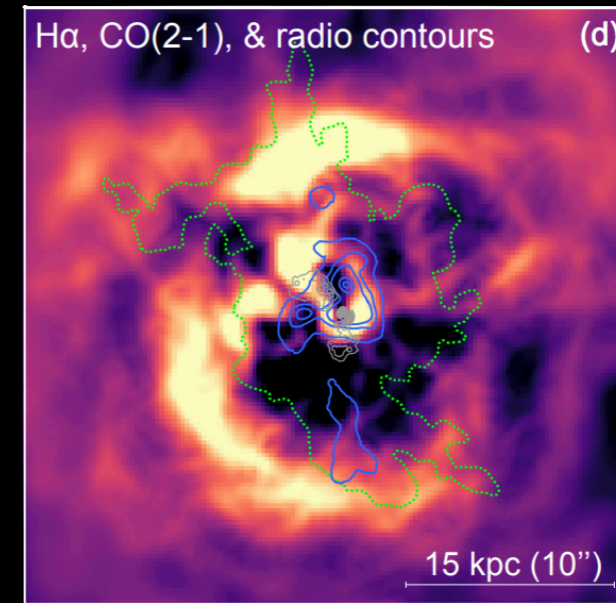
## Signatures of ongoing AGN feedback and multiphase gas in quiescent galaxies



Cheung+ 2016



Tremblay+ 2018



# AGN and Quenching

## How does AGN feedback regulate star formation in massive galaxies?

### Controlled experiments using “Genetic Modification”

Pontzen, Tremmel+ 2017

see also Roth+ 2016, Rey+ 2018

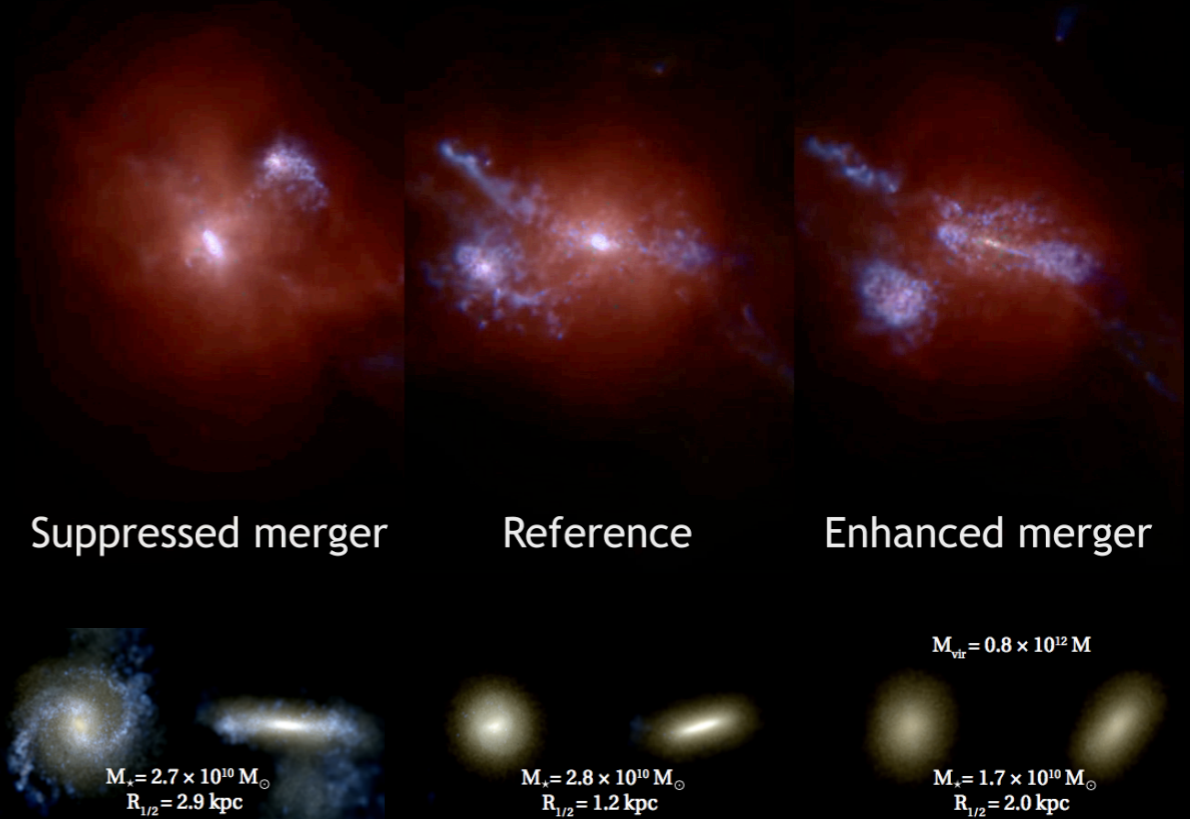
Quenching “in the wild” with the Romulus25 simulation

Tremmel+, in prep

AGN feedback in the most massive galaxies with unprecedented resolution using the RomulusC simulation

Tremmel+ 2018, submitted

Redshift 1.9  
3.53 Gyr  
Step 1024



# AGN and Quenching

## How does AGN feedback regulate star formation in massive galaxies?

Controlled experiments using  
“Genetic Modification”

Pontzen, Tremmel+ 2017

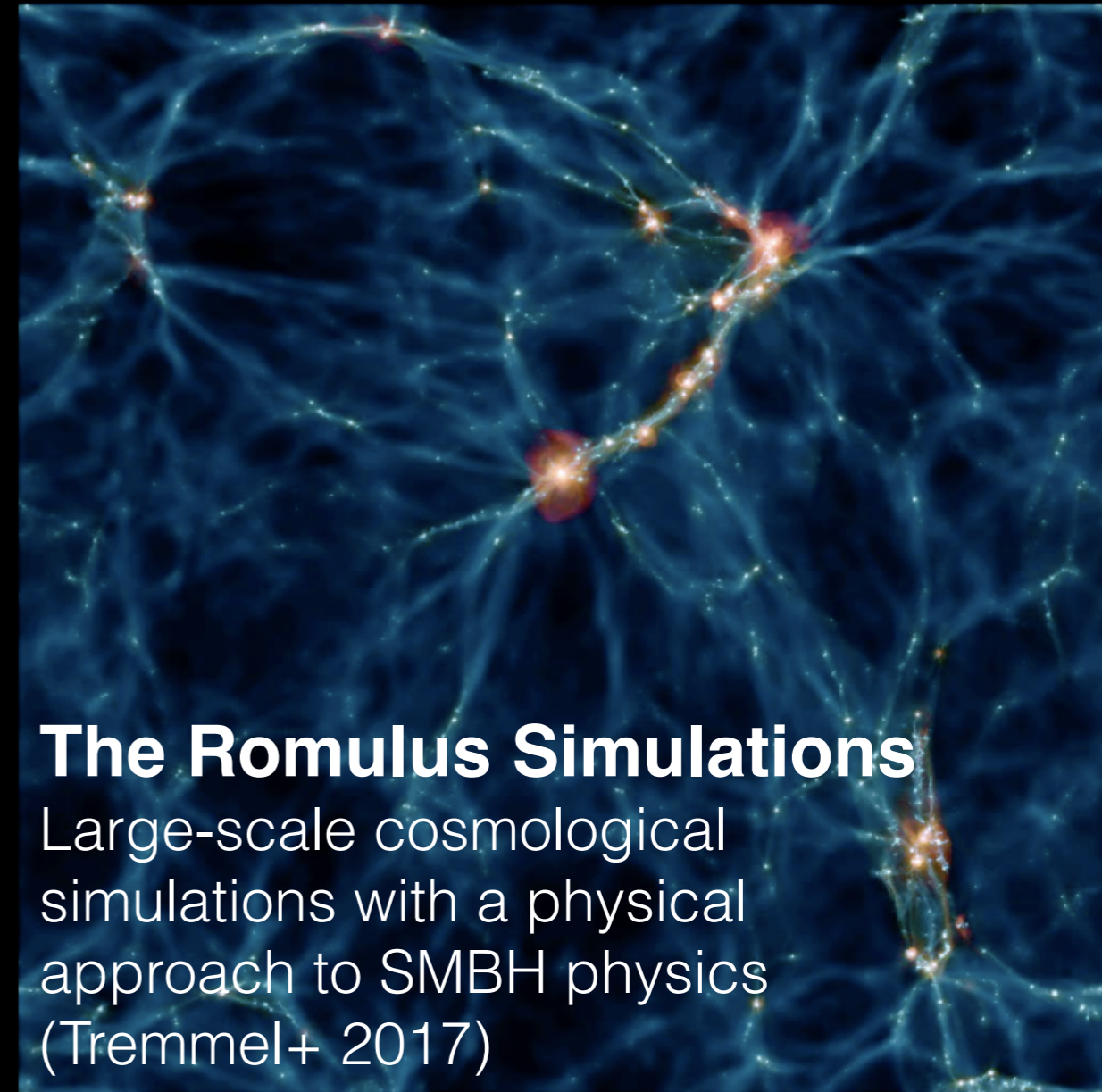
see also Roth+ 2016, Rey+ 2018

### Quenching “in the wild” with the Romulus25 simulation

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massive galaxies with  
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### The Romulus Simulations

Large-scale cosmological  
simulations with a physical  
approach to SMBH physics  
(Tremmel+ 2017)

# AGN and Quenching

## How does AGN feedback regulate star formation in massive galaxies?

Controlled experiments using  
“Genetic Modification”

Pontzen, Tremmel+ 2017

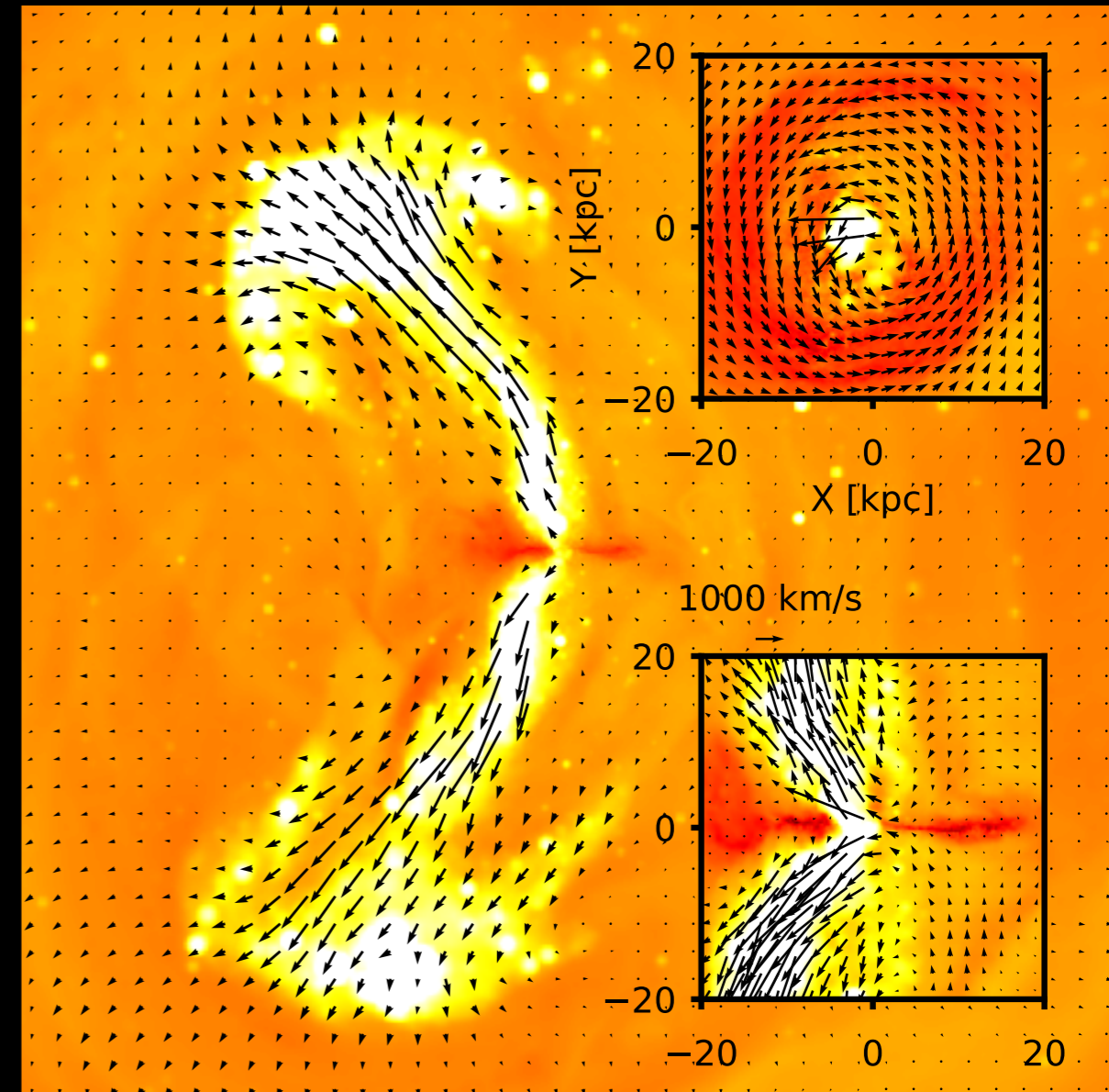
see also Roth+ 2016, Rey+ 2018

Quenching “in the wild” with the  
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**AGN feedback in the most  
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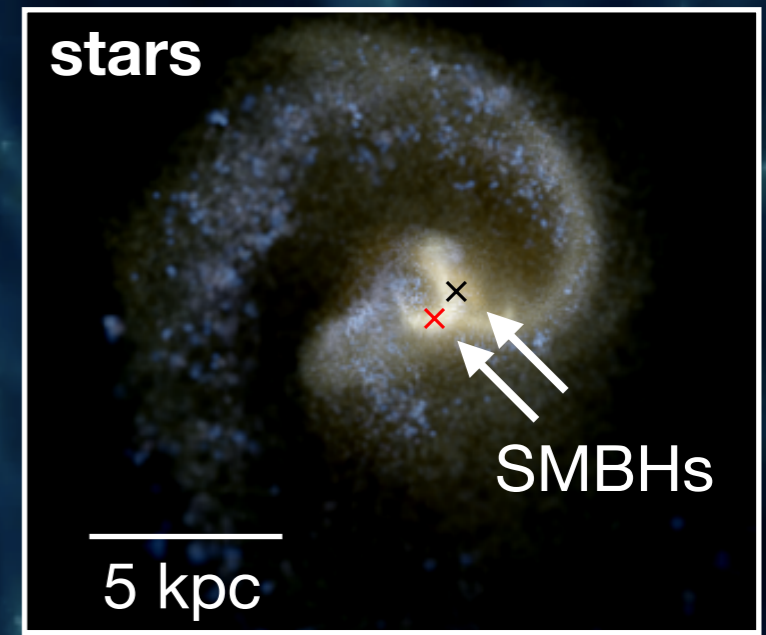
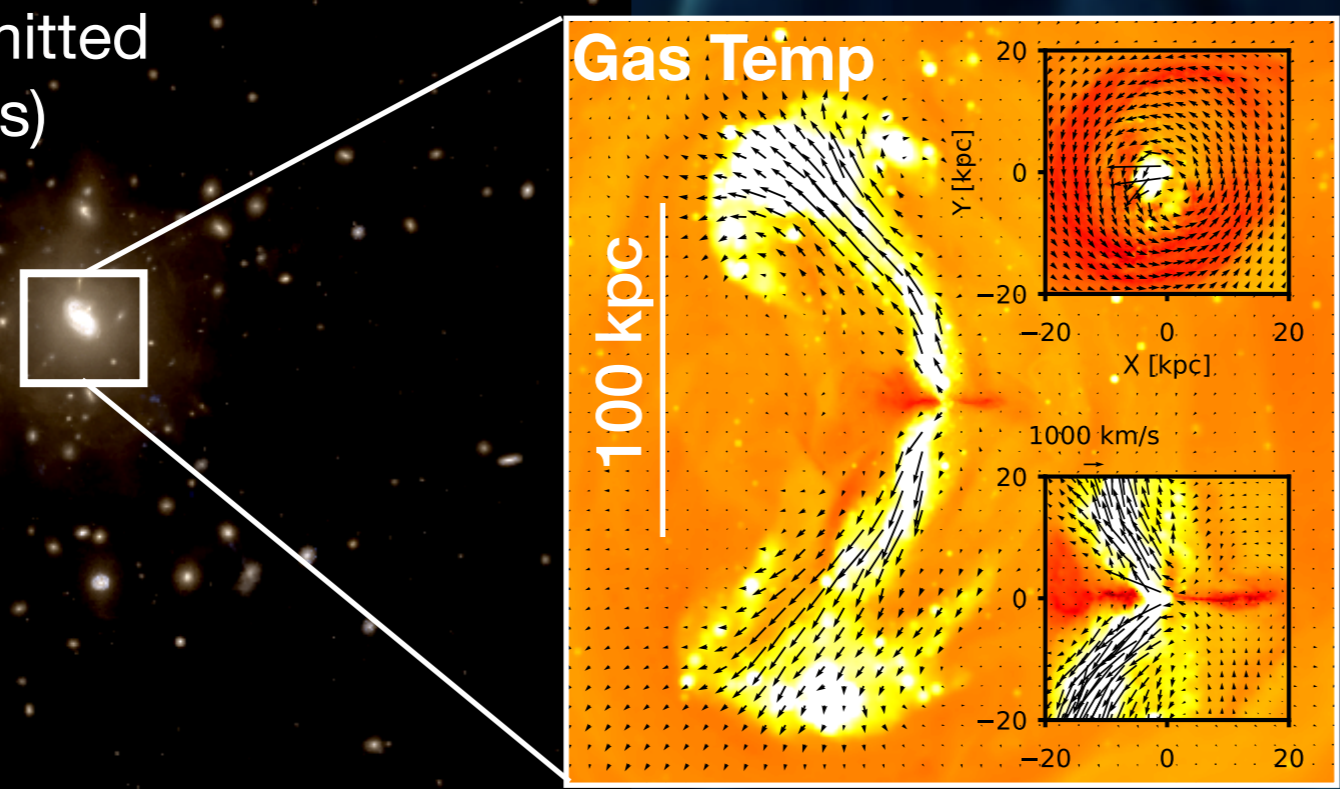
# The ROMULUS Simulations

**Certified organic, free-range, locally grown supermassive black holes**

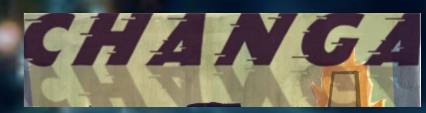
- ✓ Early Seeding in low mass halos
- ✓ Self-consistent and physically motivated dynamics, growth, and feedback
- ✓ Naturally produces large-scale outflows
- ✓ **No unnecessary additives or assumptions**

**ROMULUS25**  
25 Mpc Volume  
Tremmel+ 2017  
(gas temp)

**ROMULUSC**  
 $10^{14} M_{\text{sun}}$  Galaxy Cluster  
Tremmel+ submitted  
(stars, uvj colors)



**Resolution:**  
250 pc (grav)  
50 pc (hydro)  
 $\sim 1e5 M_{\text{sun}}$



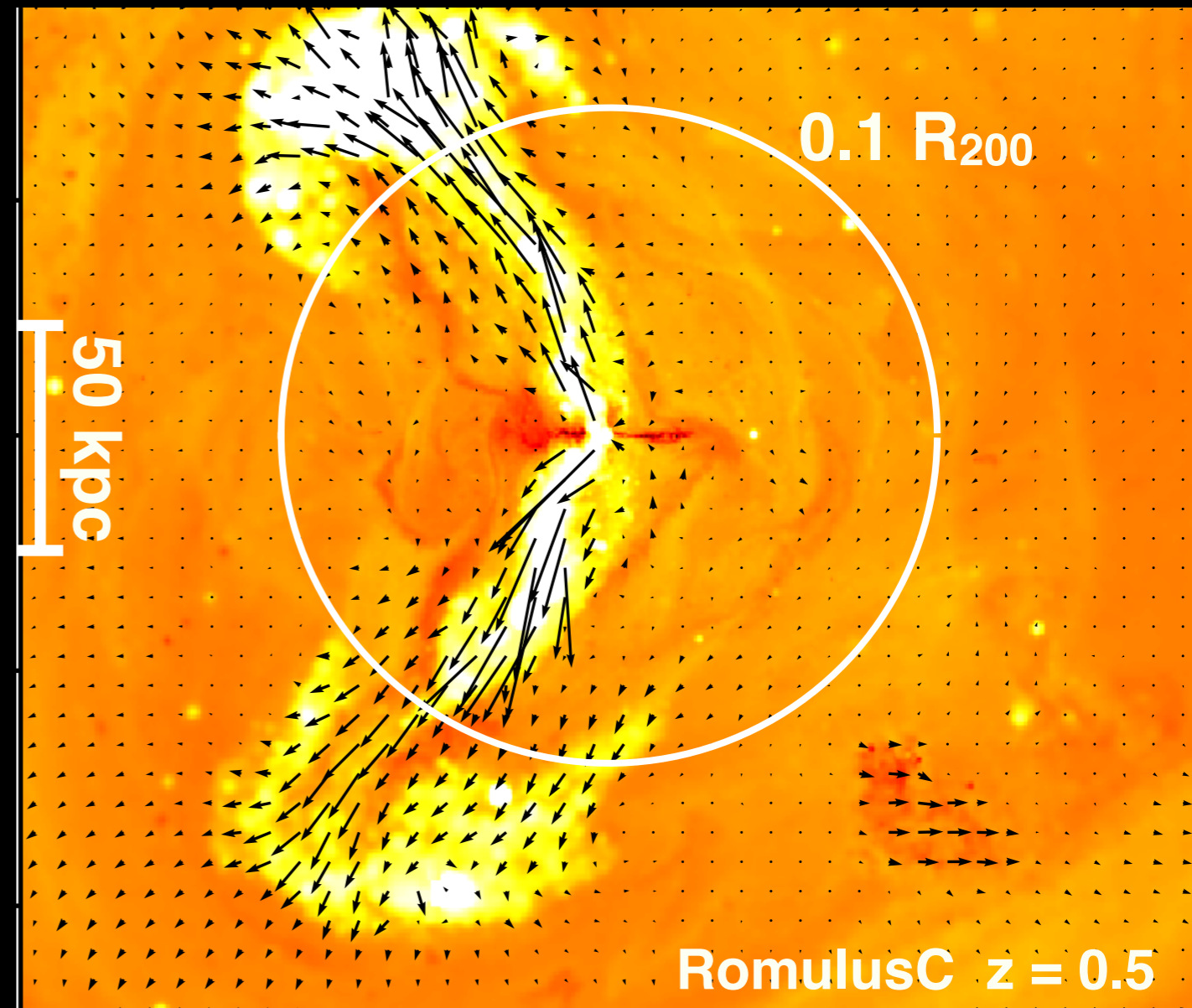
# Subgrid SMBH Physics

## Thermally driven outflows with angular momentum limited accretion

**0.2%** mass-energy transferred **thermally** to surrounding gas

- **spatial (250/50 pc) and time ( $10^3$ - $10^4$  yrs) resolution** for SMBH and gas
- Brief **cooling shutoff** ( $10^3$ - $10^4$  yrs)
- **Large-scale outflows launched from 100 pc scales**

**Sub-Grid models not optimized for halos more massive than  $1e12 M_{\text{sun}}$**





# Controlled Experiments with Genetic Modification

## Study the interaction between AGN feedback and galaxy mergers

Pontzen, Tremmel+ 2017

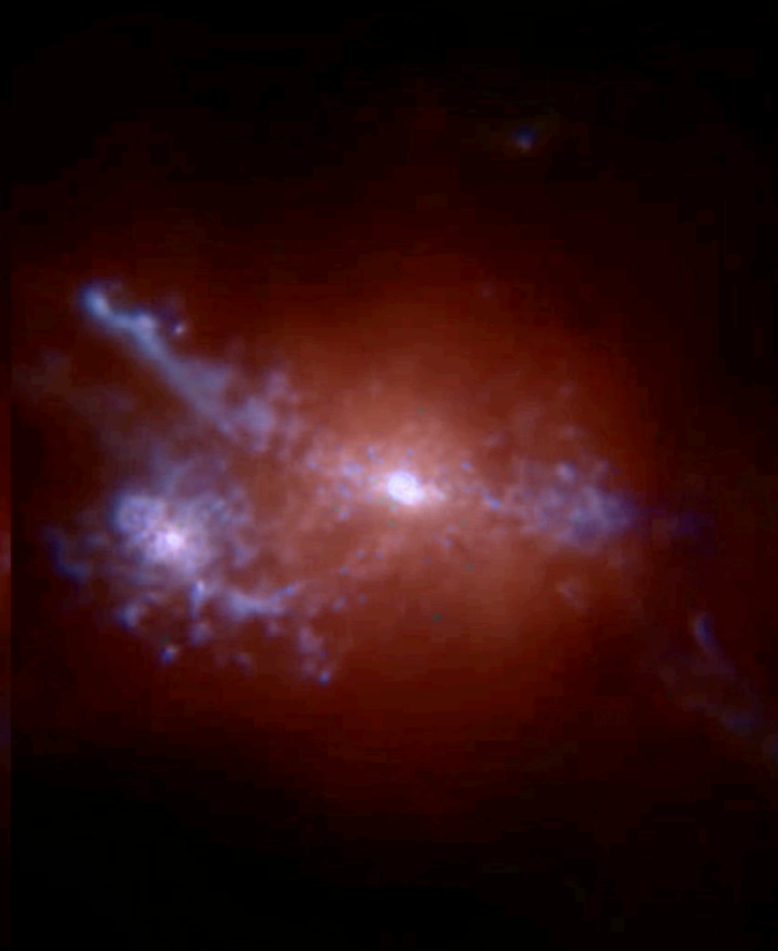
See also Roth+ 2016, Rey+ 2018

Redshift 1.9  
3.53 Gyr  
Step 1024



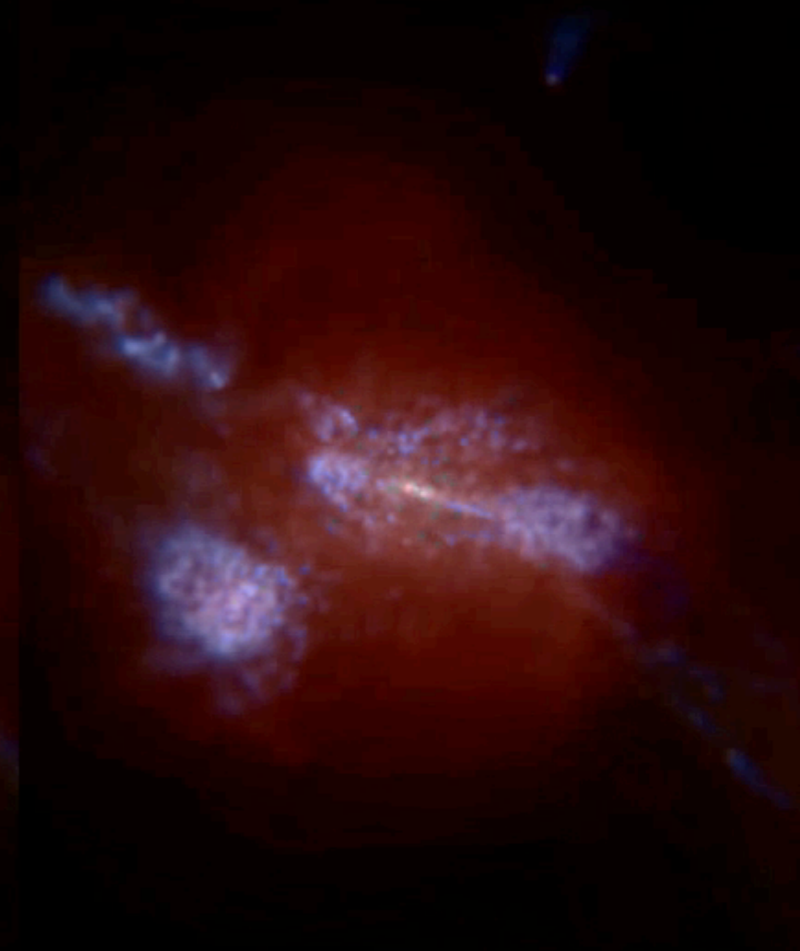
Suppressed merger

1:10



Reference

1:5



Enhanced merger

2:3

# Controlled Experiments with Genetic Modification

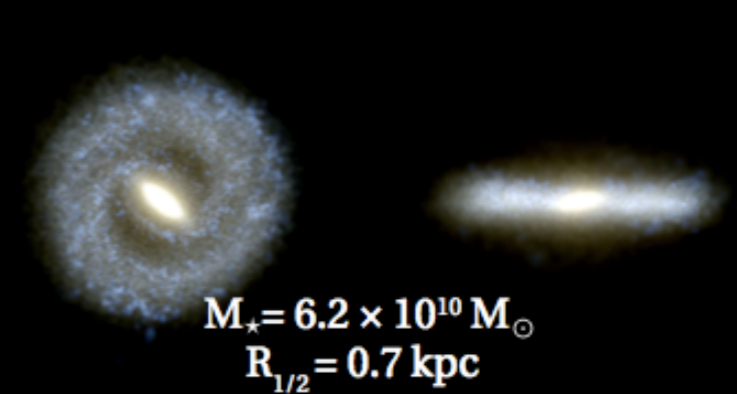
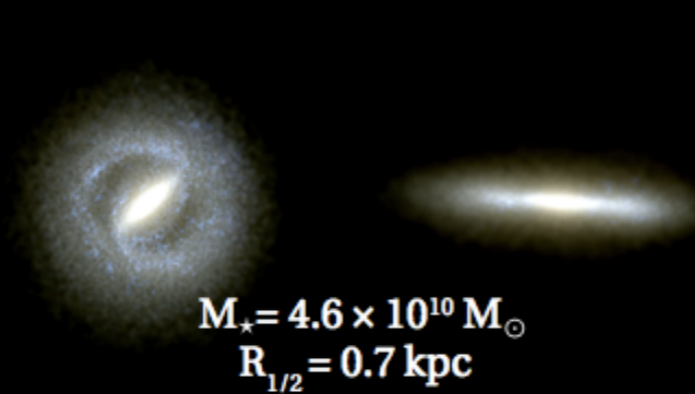
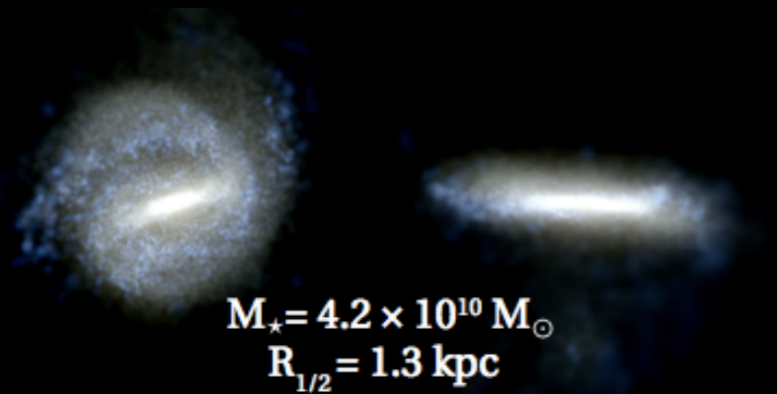
Galaxy mergers have drastic consequences for star formation and morphology.... when coupled with AGN feedback

Suppressed (1:10)  
Merger

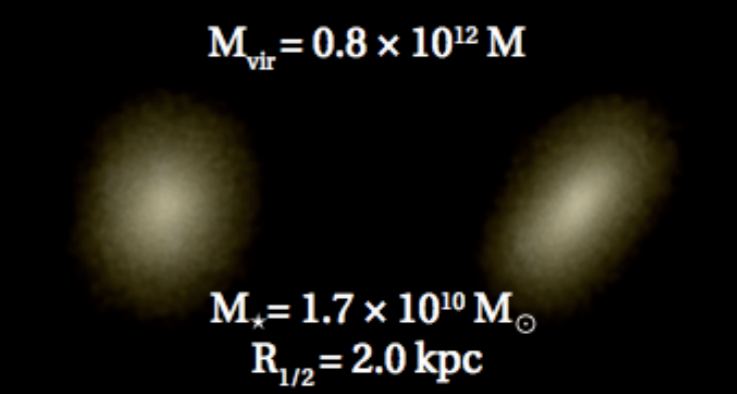
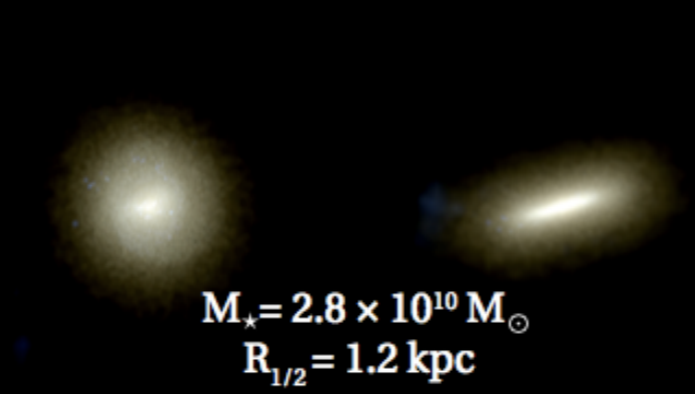
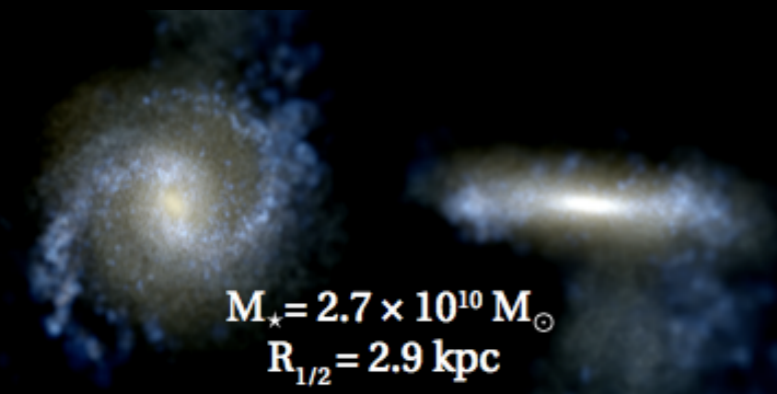
Reference (1:5)  
Merger

Enhanced (2:3)  
Merger

SN Only



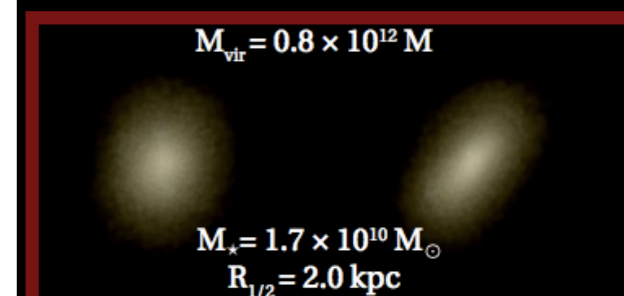
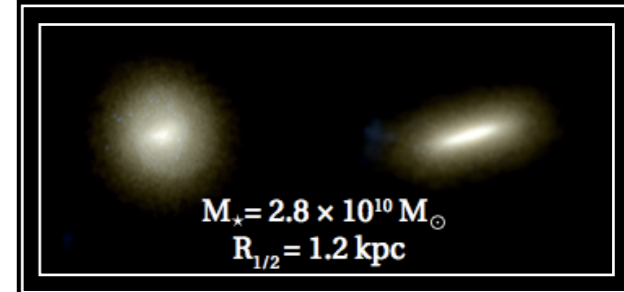
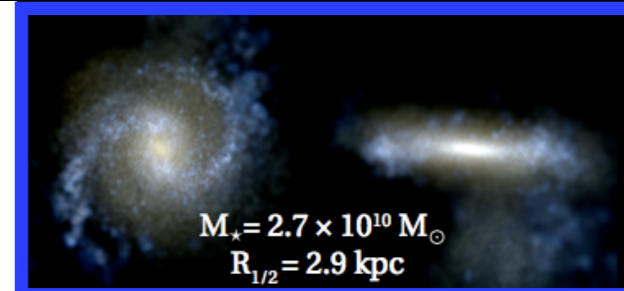
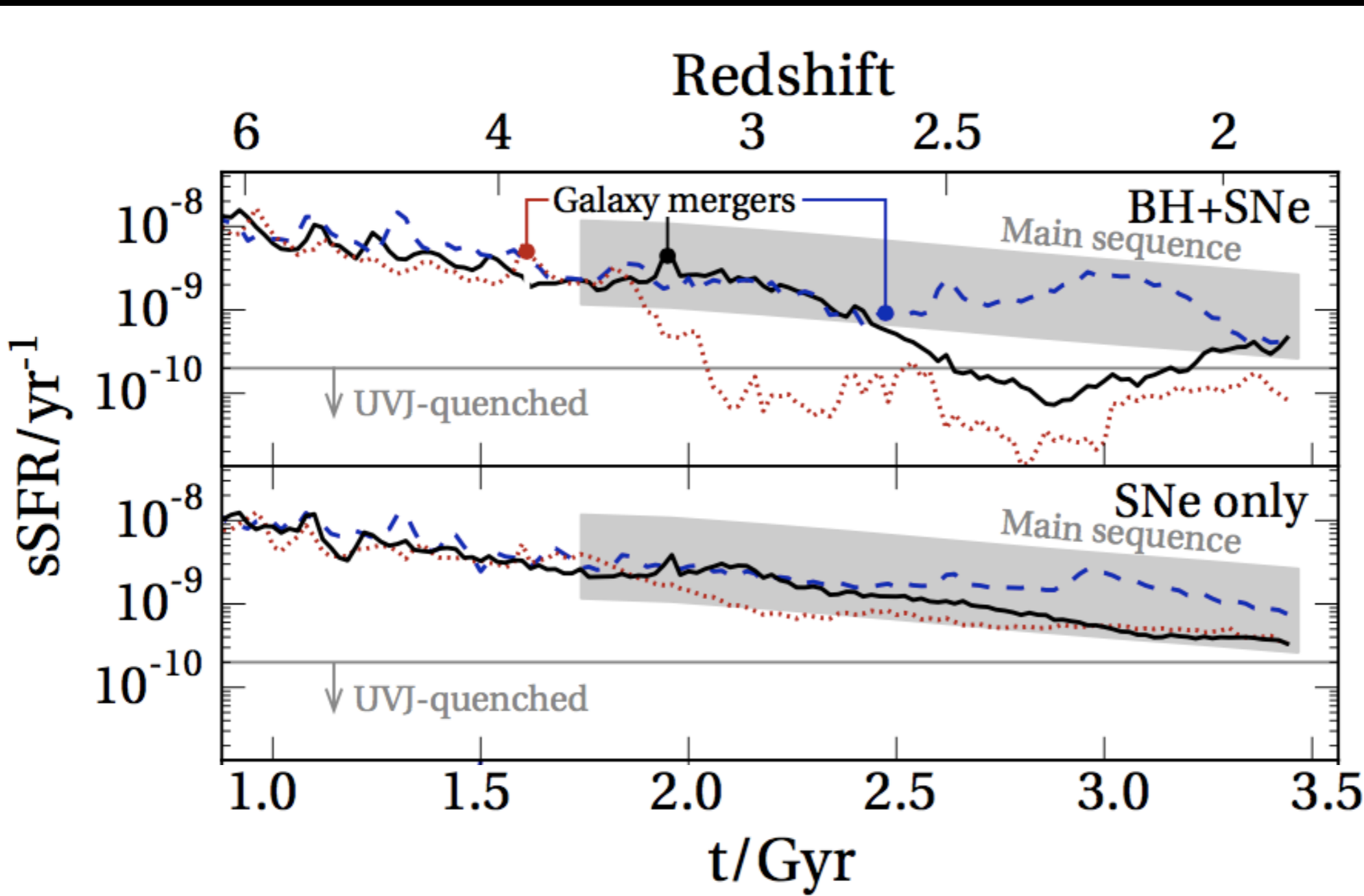
SN+AGN



Pontzen, Tremmel+ 2017

# Controlled Experiments with Genetic Modification

Galaxy mergers have drastic consequences for star formation and morphology.... when coupled with AGN feedback

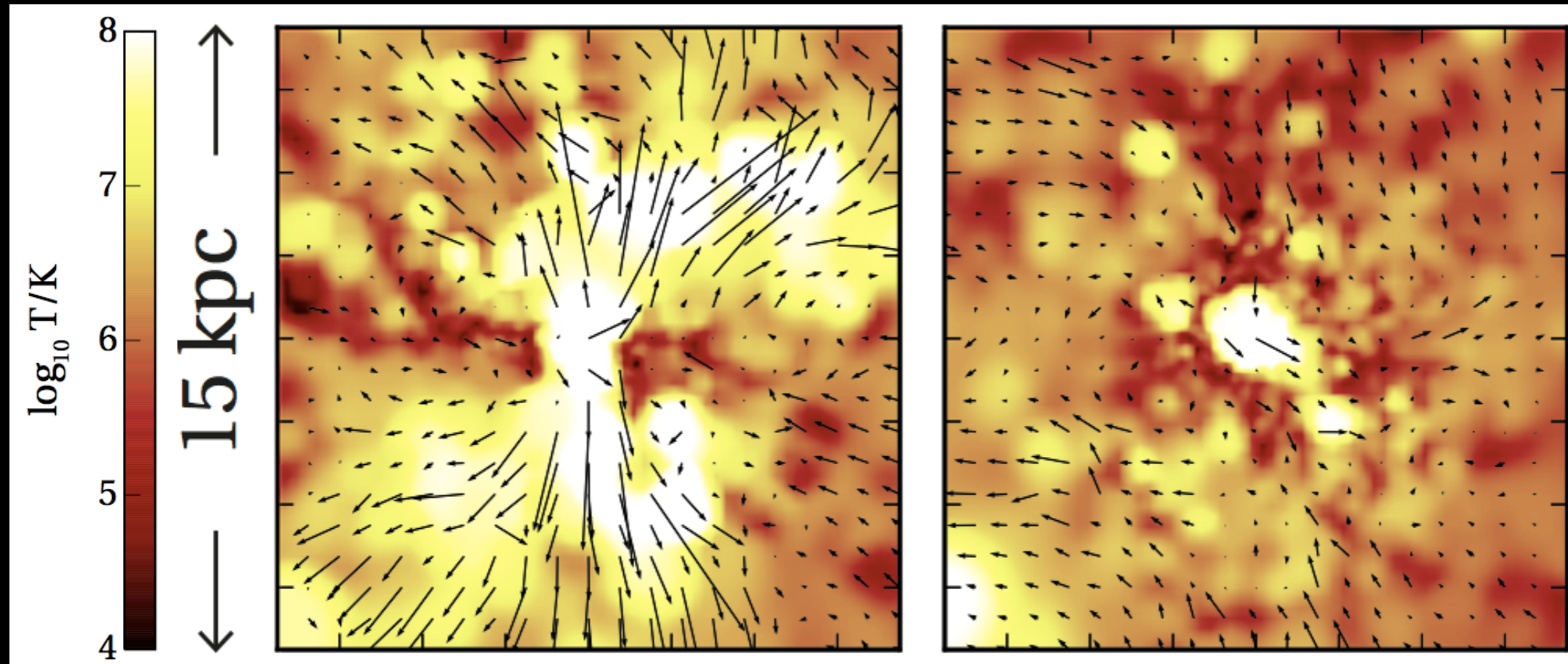


Pontzen,  
Tremmel+  
2017

# Controlled Experiments with Genetic Modification

## Energetic outflows prevent the reformation of a gaseous disk

**Enhanced Merger** simulation just after it becomes quenched

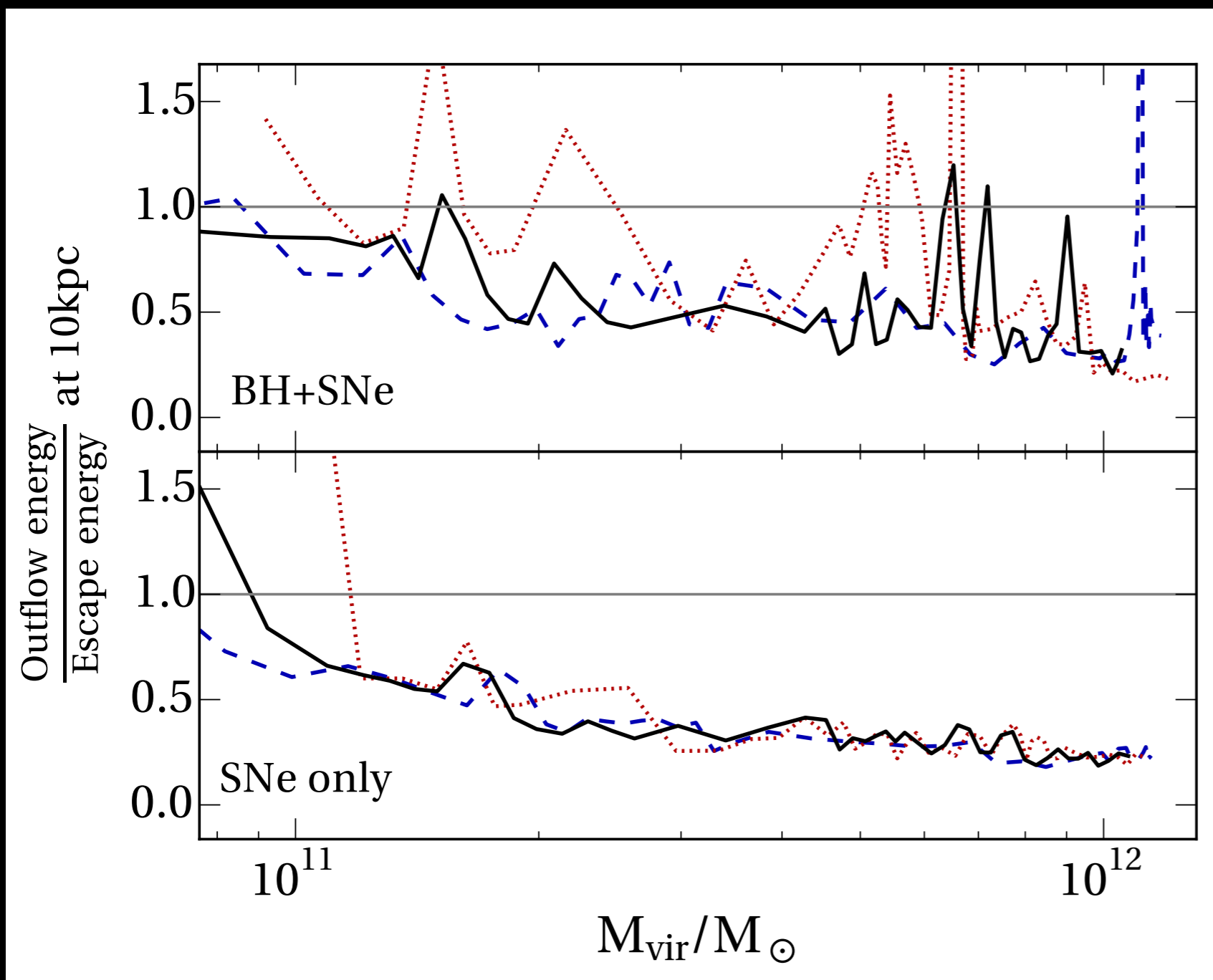


Inflowing gas fuels AGN activity, which generates large-scale winds, rather than re-form the star forming disk

Pontzen, Tremmel+ 2017

# Controlled Experiments with Genetic Modification

## Outflows need to reach **>10 kpc scales** to suppress ability of halo gas to reform disk

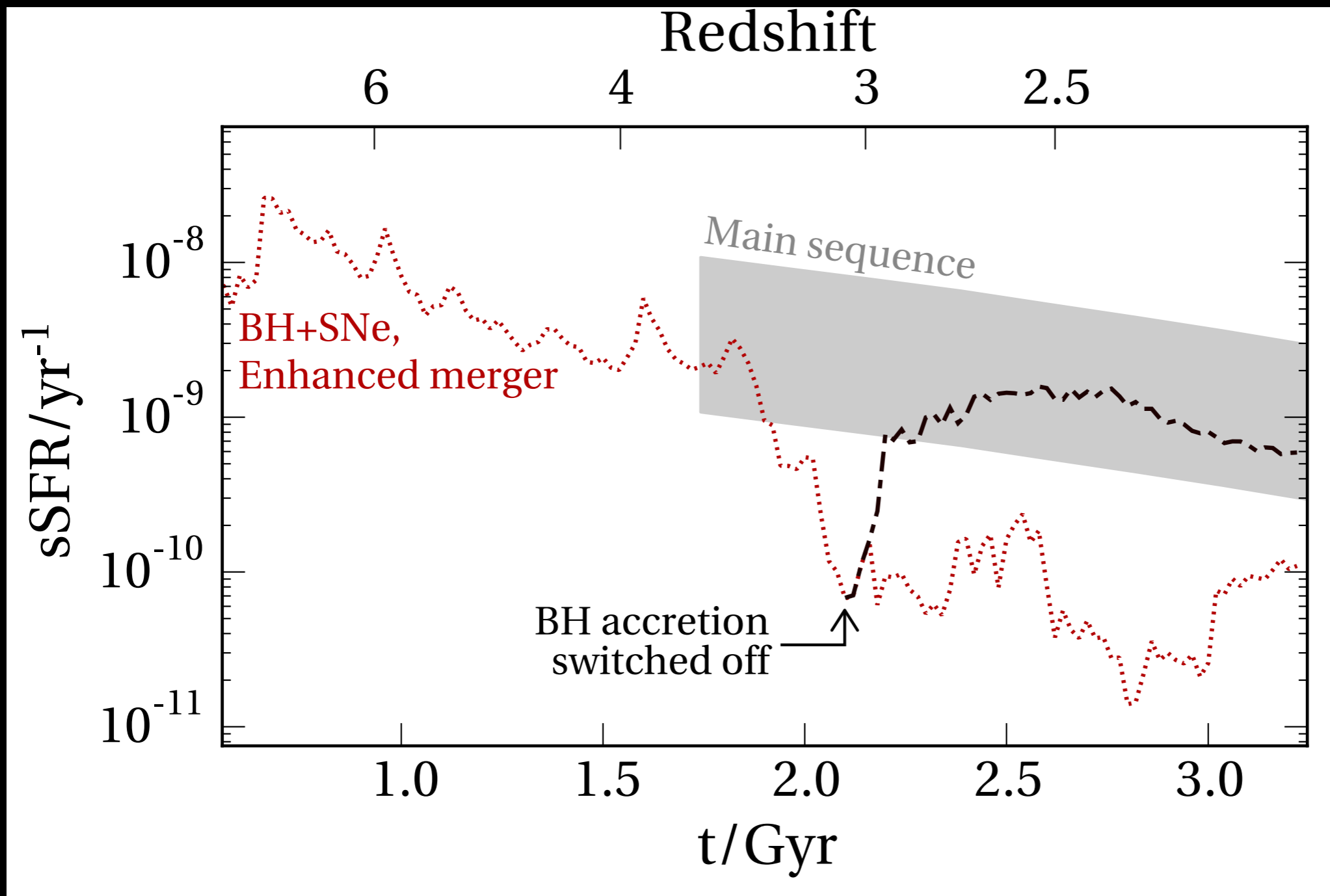


AGN that fail to drive such winds will not be able to suppress star formation

Pontzen, Tremmel+ 2017

# Controlled Experiments with Genetic Modification

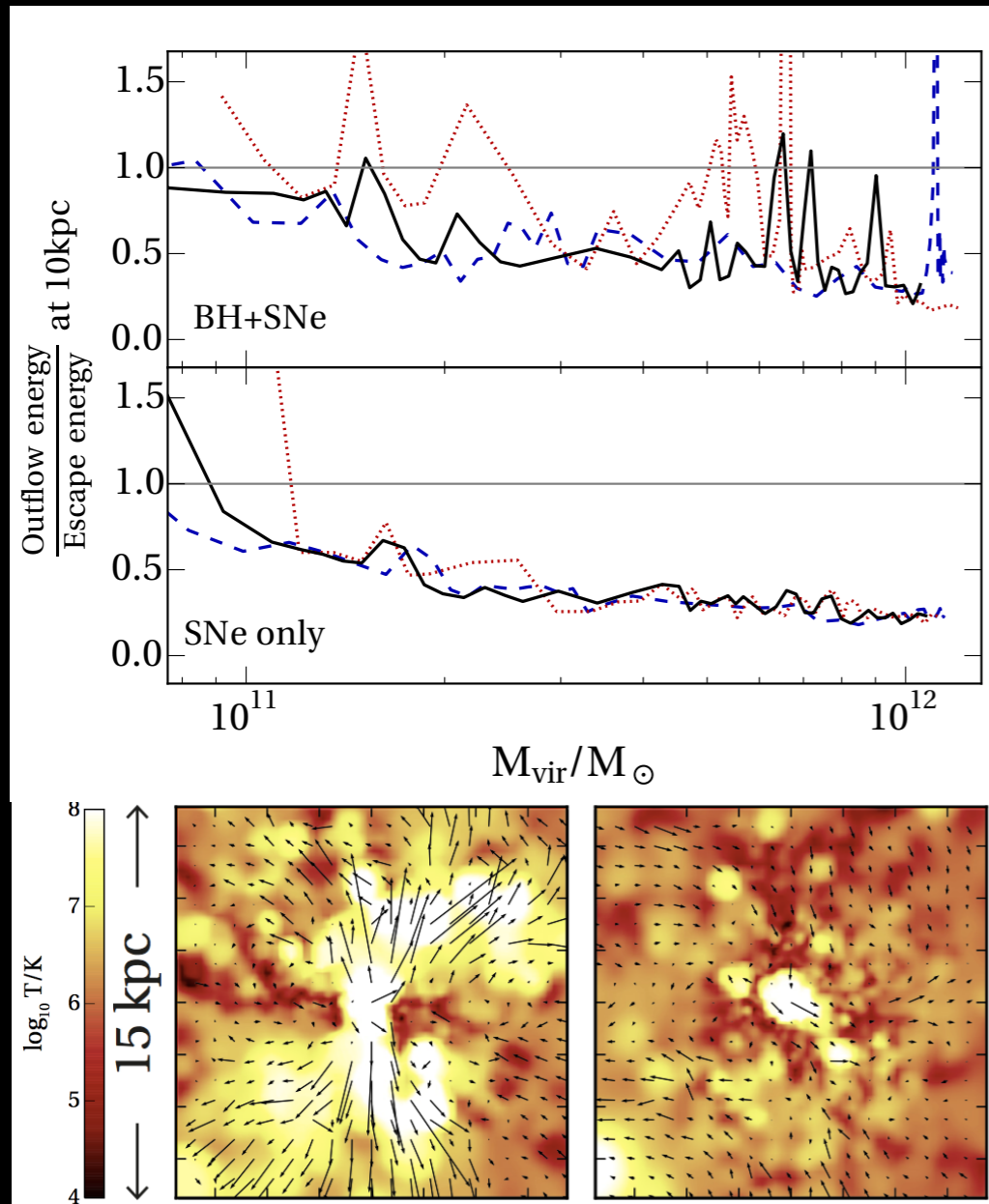
## AGN feedback required to **keep** galaxies quenched



Pontzen,  
Tremmel+  
2017

# Controlled Experiments with Genetic Modification

## A scenario for quenching star formation at high redshift



Major merger disrupts galactic disk with help of AGN feedback

Further inflows feed SMBH, drive powerful winds

**Large -scale AGN winds suppress gas inflow, prevent rejuvenation**

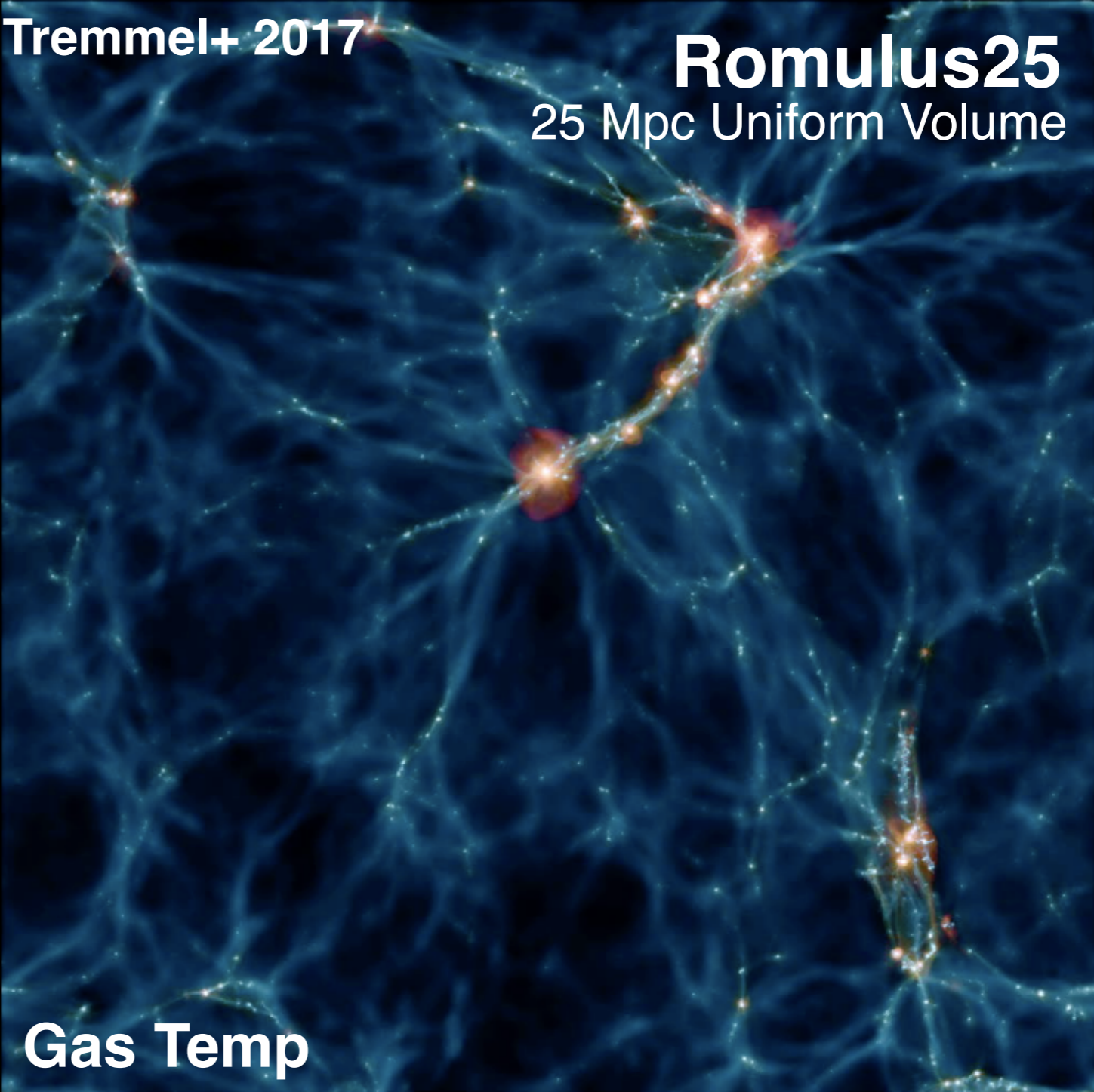
# Quenching “In the Wild” with Romulus25

## A wider exploration of quenching



Tremmel+ 2017

**Romulus25**  
25 Mpc Uniform Volume



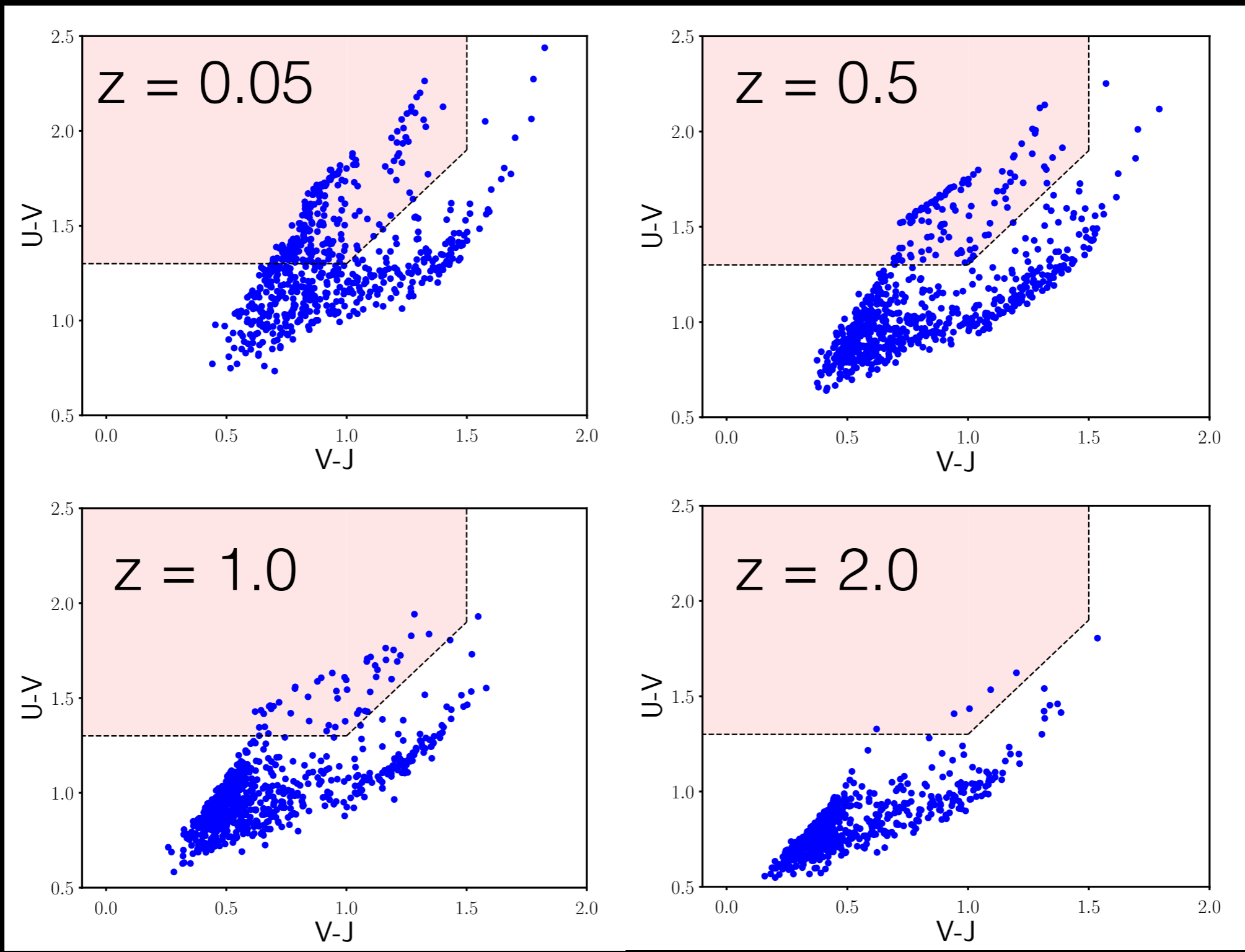
Gas Temp





# Quenching “In the Wild” with Romulus25

## The rise of the red sequence in Romulus

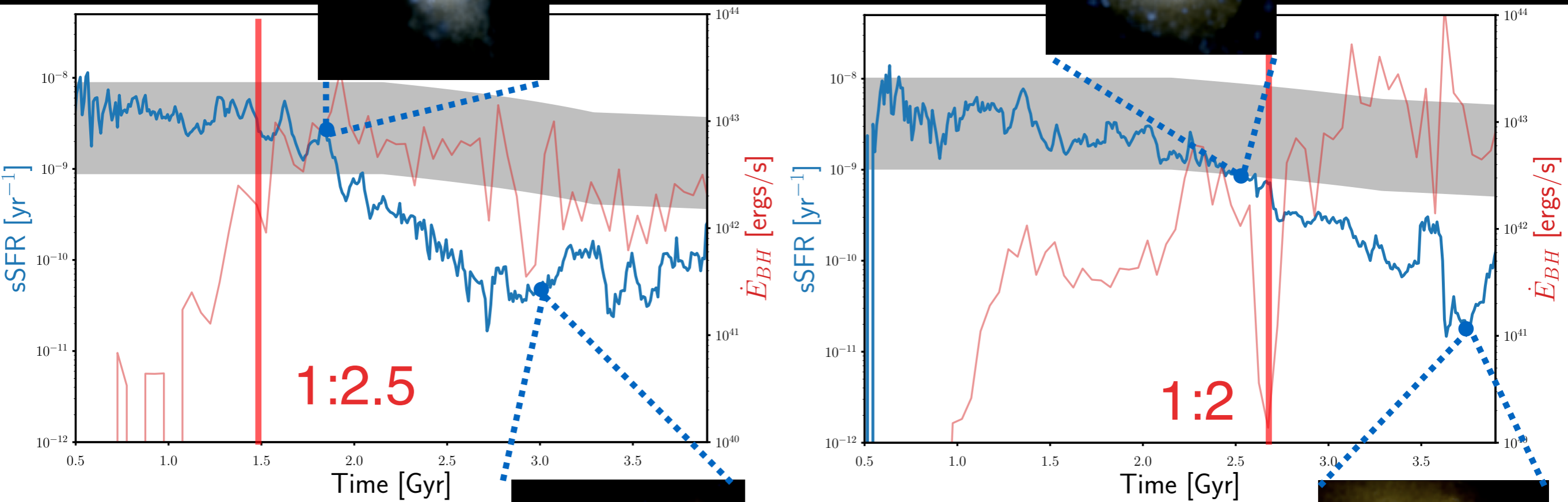


Tremmel+  
in prep



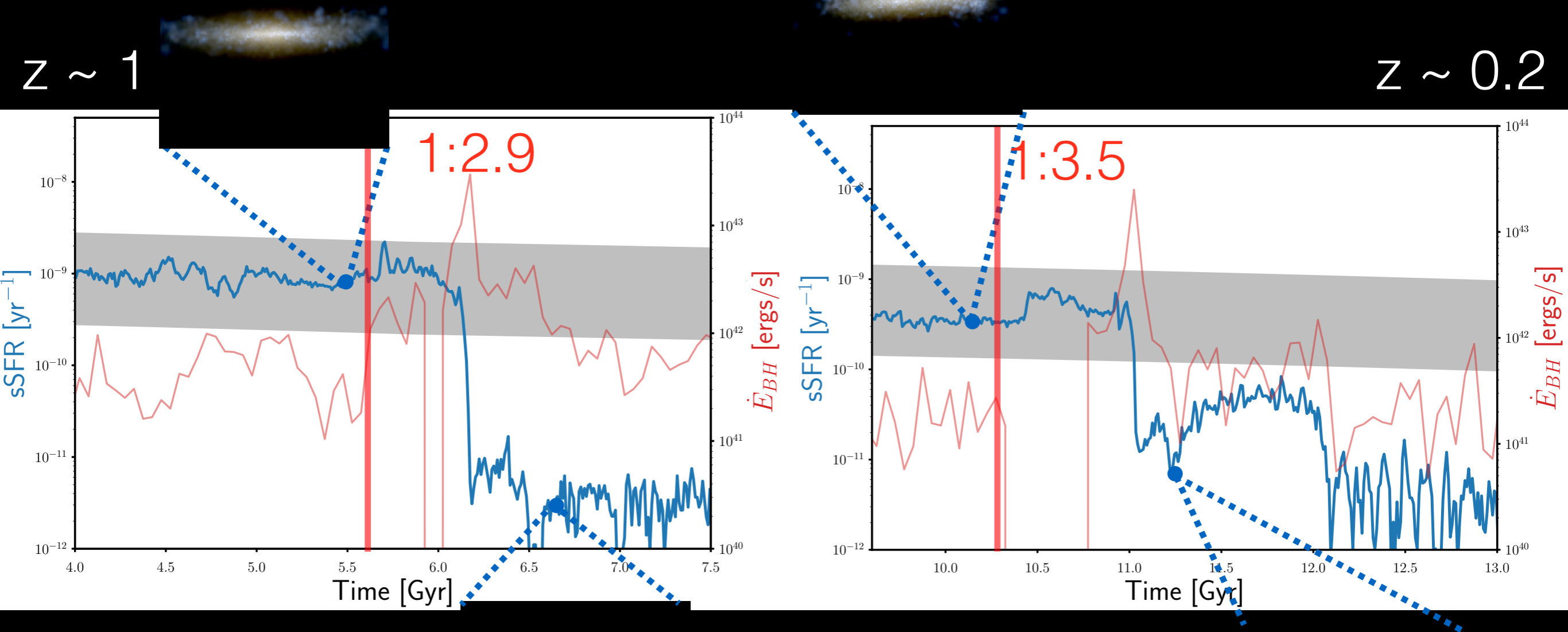
# Quenching “In the Wild” with Romulus25

## Mergers cause quenching of massive galaxies at $z \sim 2$



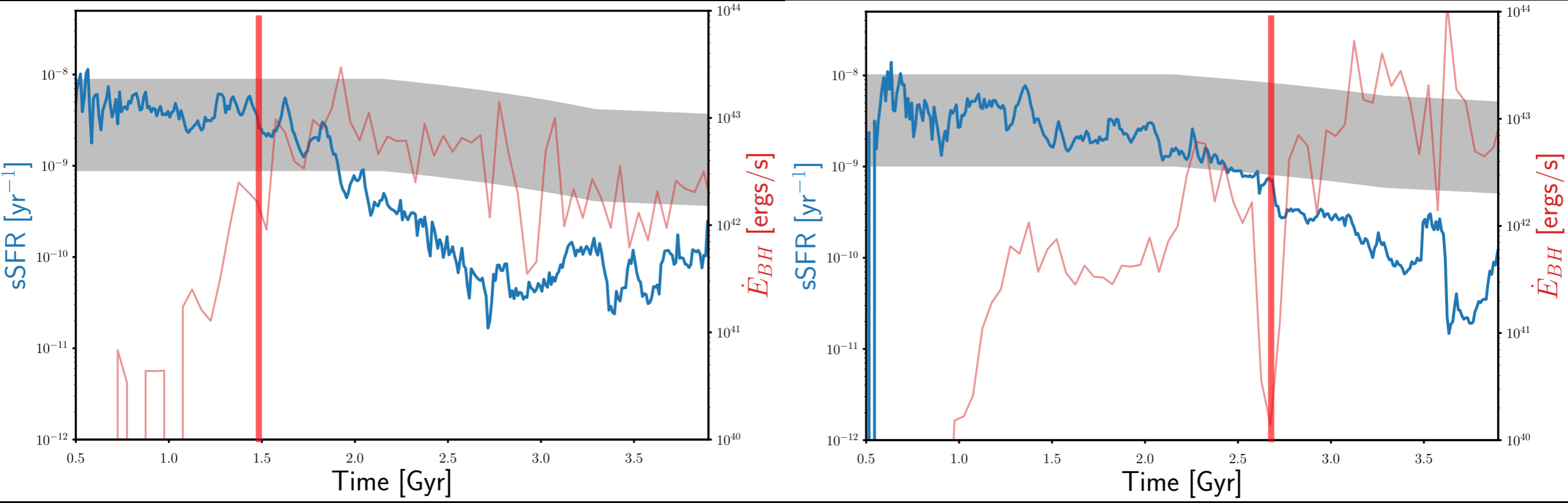
# Quenching “In the Wild” with Romulus25

## Lower redshift mergers can also lead to quenching



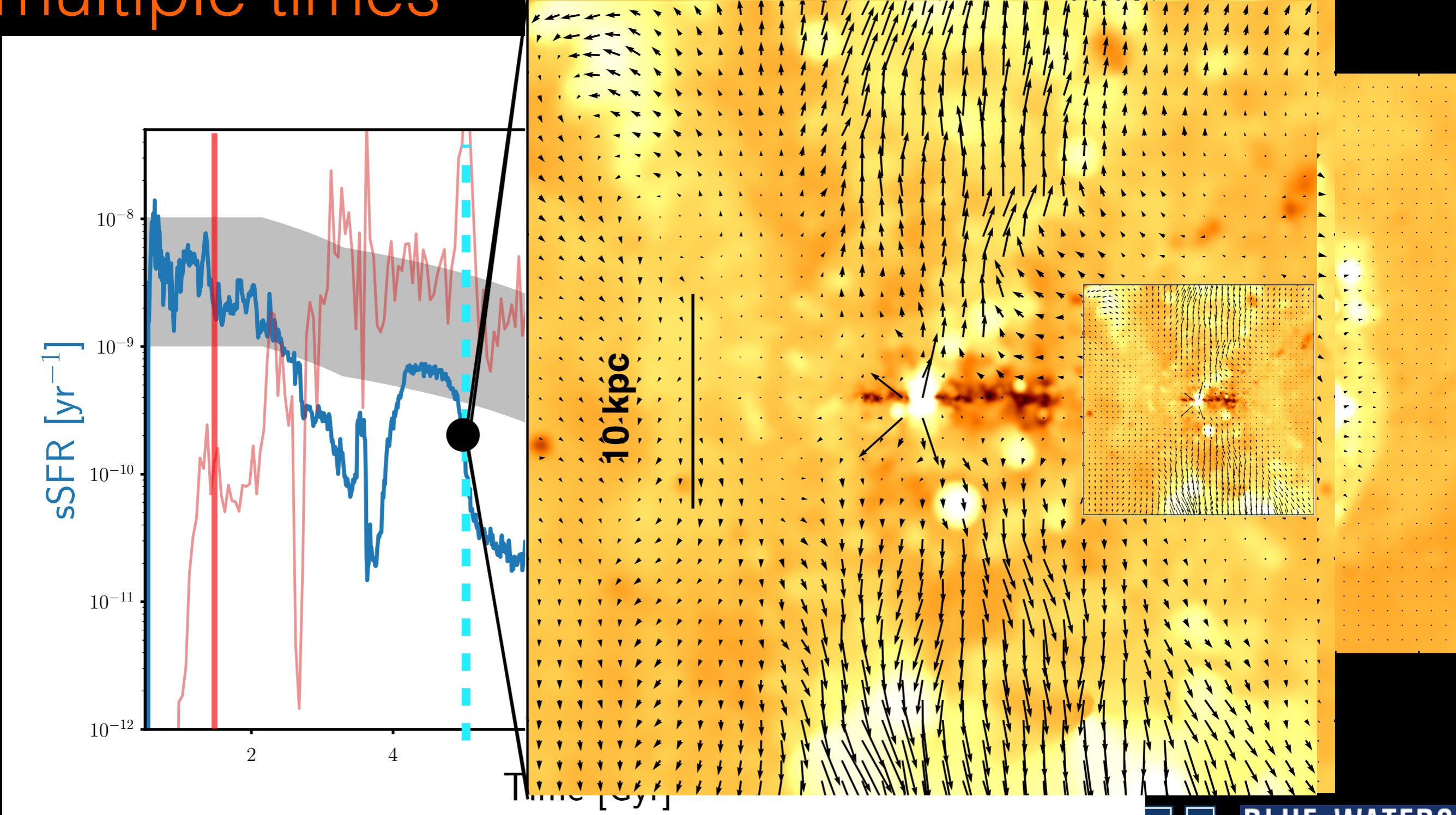
# Quenching “In the Wild” with Romulus25

## Rejuvenation/quenching can happen multiple times



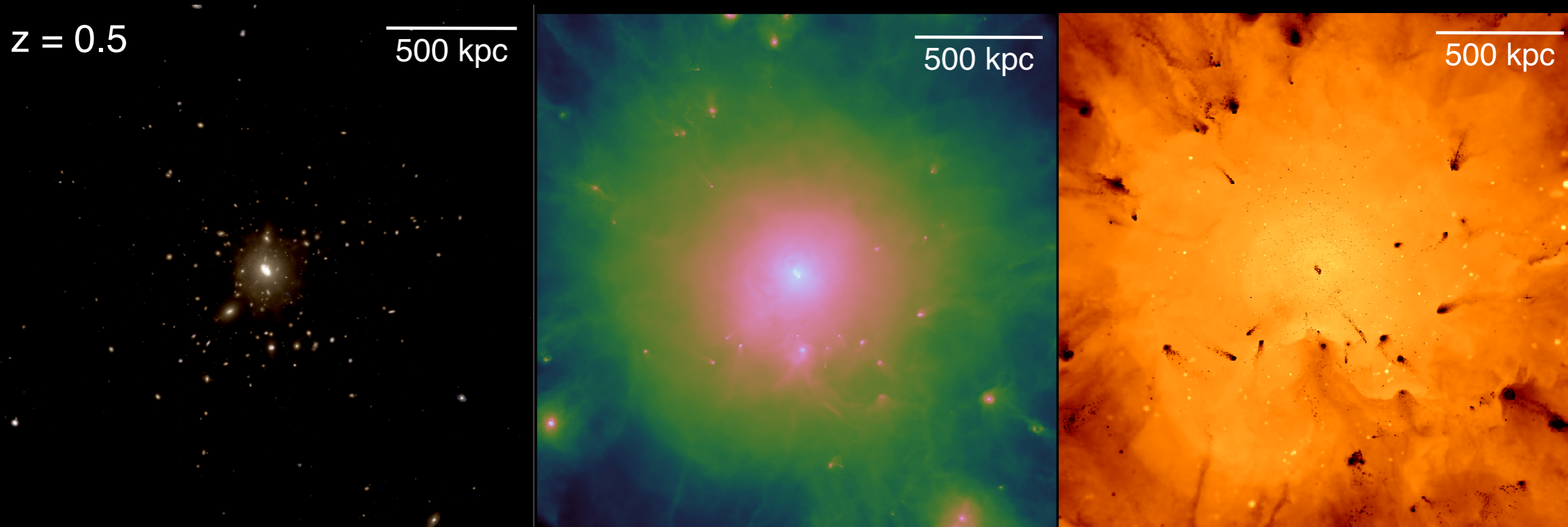
# Quenching “In the Wild” with Romulus25

## Rejuvenation/quenching can happen multiple times



# Quenching of a Brightest Cluster Galaxy

## RomulusC: The **highest resolution** cosmological simulation of a galaxy cluster



Resolution: 250 pc (grav),  
50 pc (sph),  $2e5 M_{\text{sun}}$

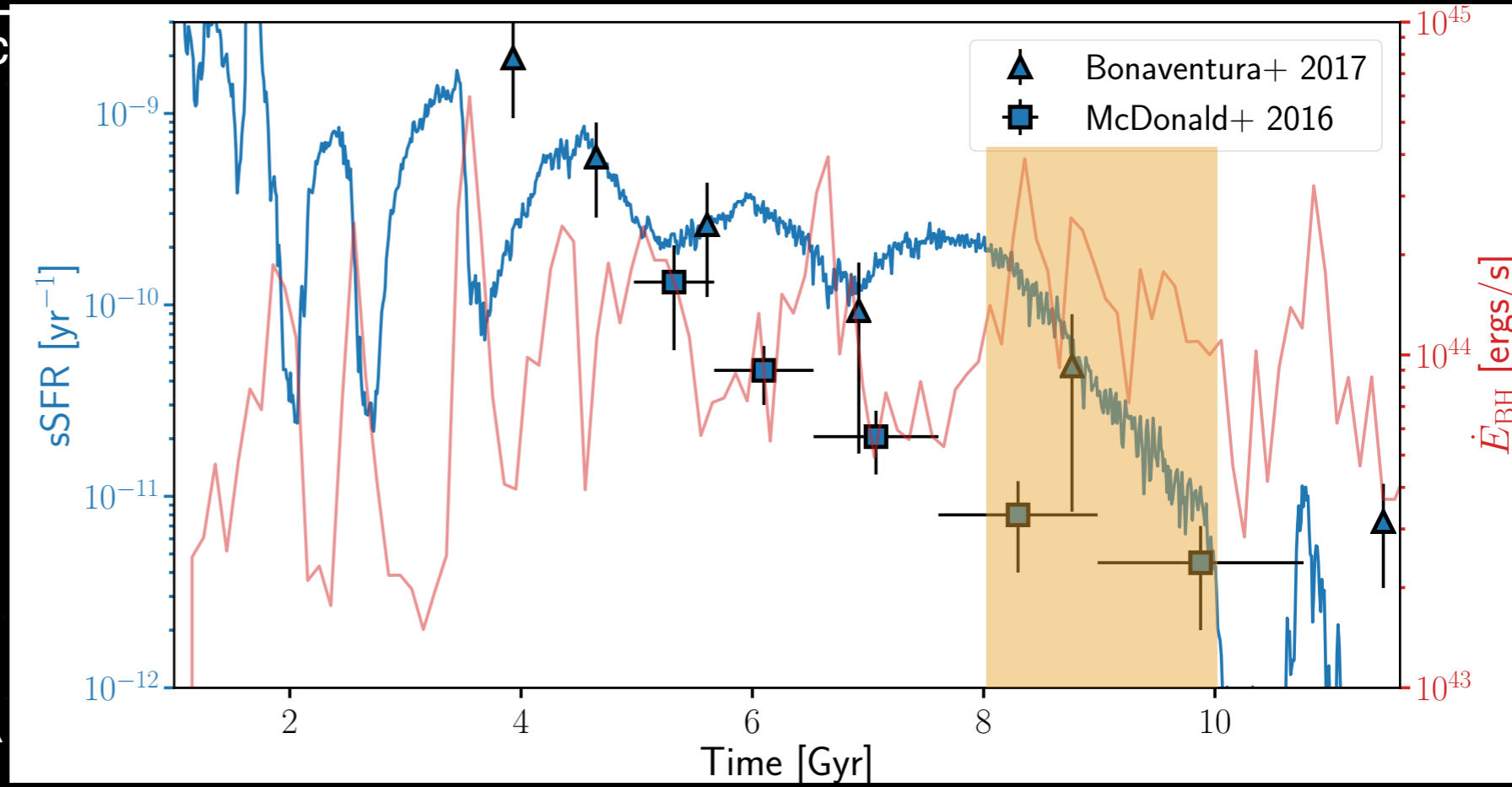
Tremmel+ 2018, submitted  
<https://arxiv.org/pdf/1806.01282.pdf>

# Quenching of a Brightest Cluster Galaxy

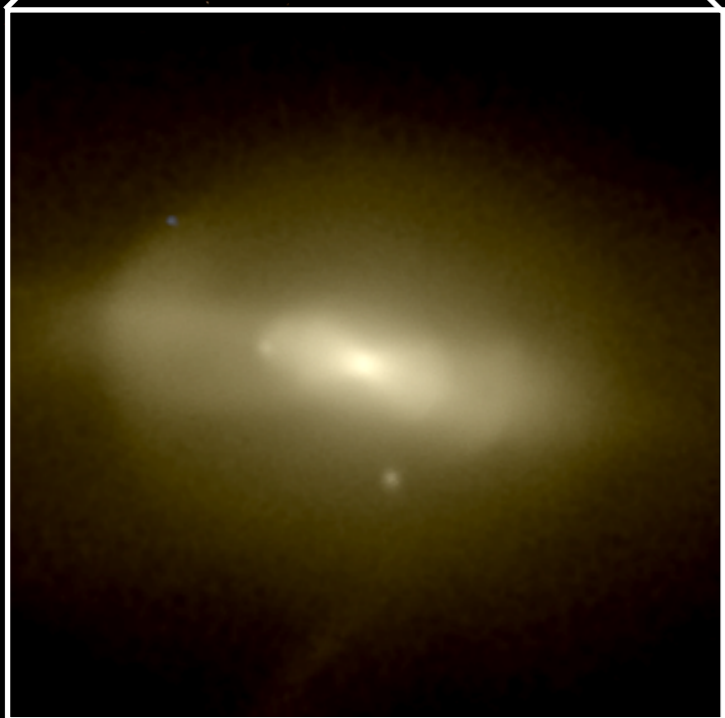
## AGN feedback quenches star formation

$z = 0.0$

500 kpc



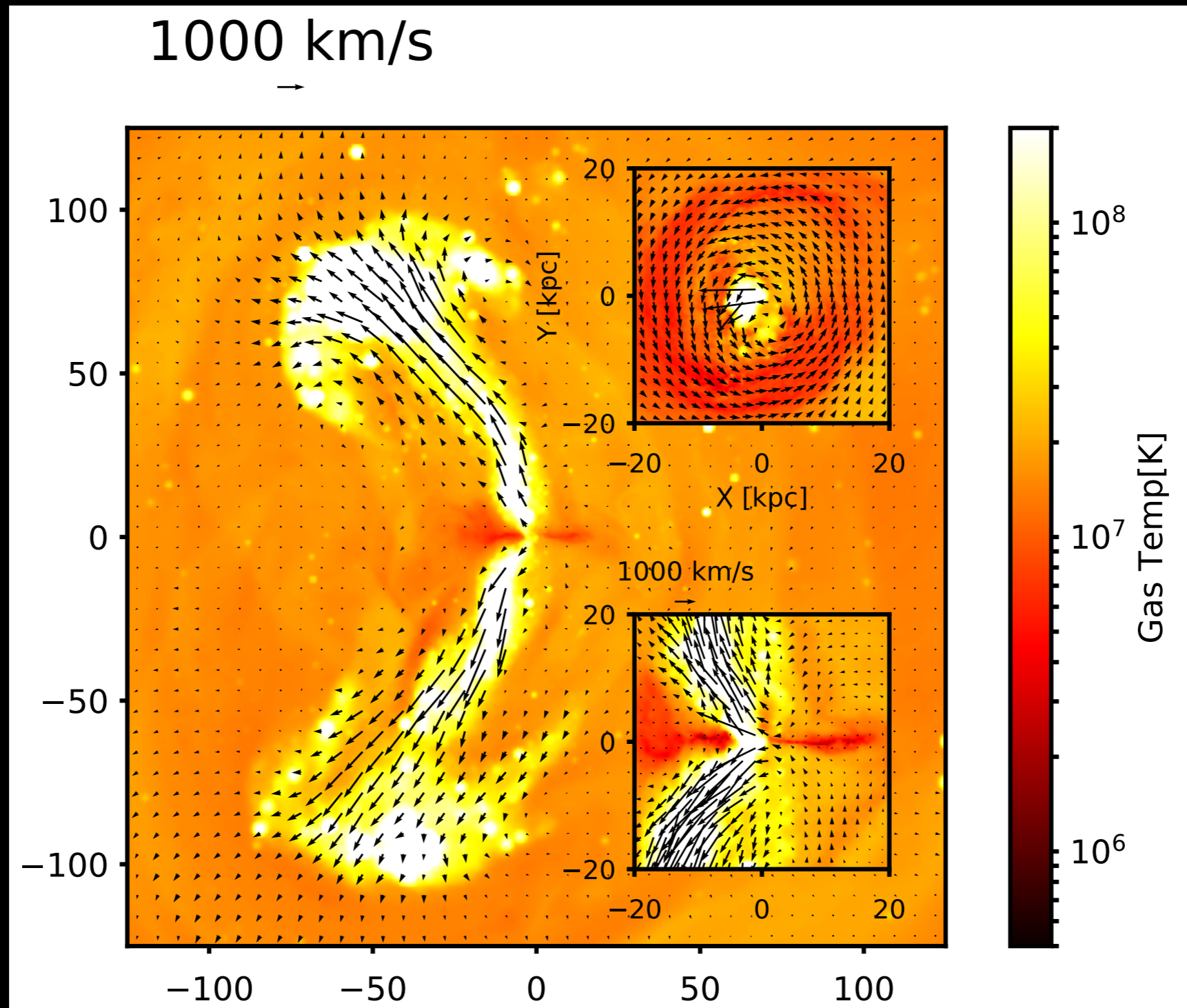
Tremmel+ 2018, submitted



50 kpc

# Quenching of a Brightest Cluster Galaxy

## AGN FB drives large-scale, collimated outflows

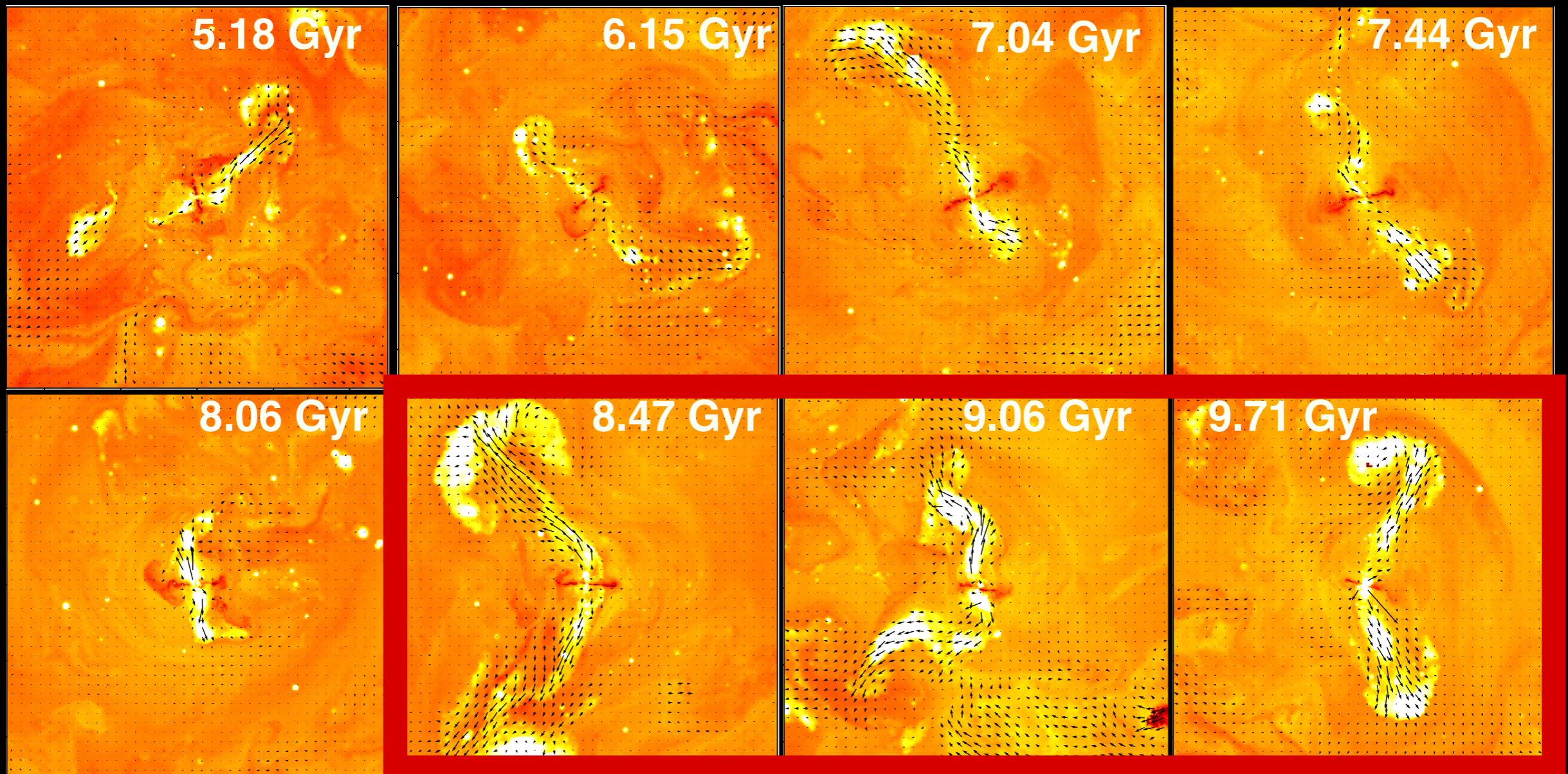


Tremmel+ 2018  
submitted



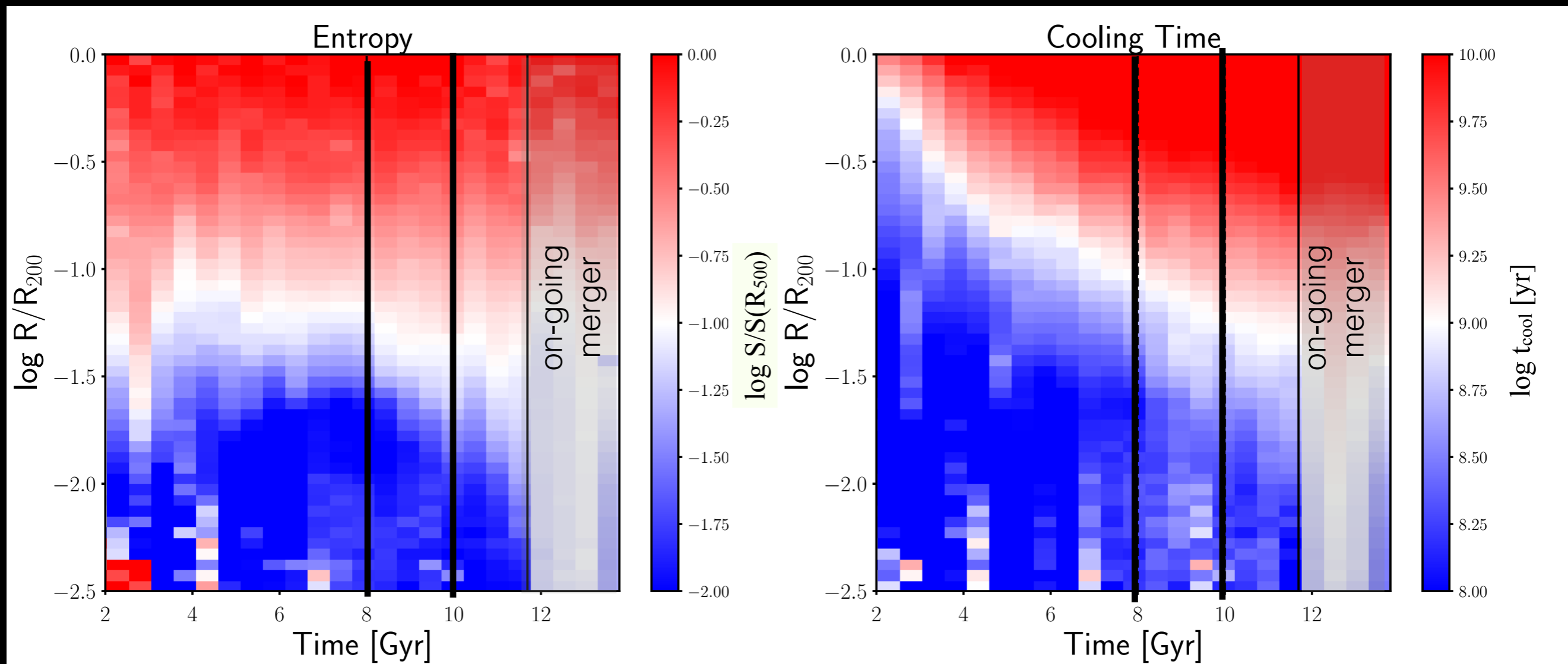
# Quenching of a Brightest Cluster Galaxy

AGN FB drives large-scale, collimated outflows



# Quenching of a Brightest Cluster Galaxy

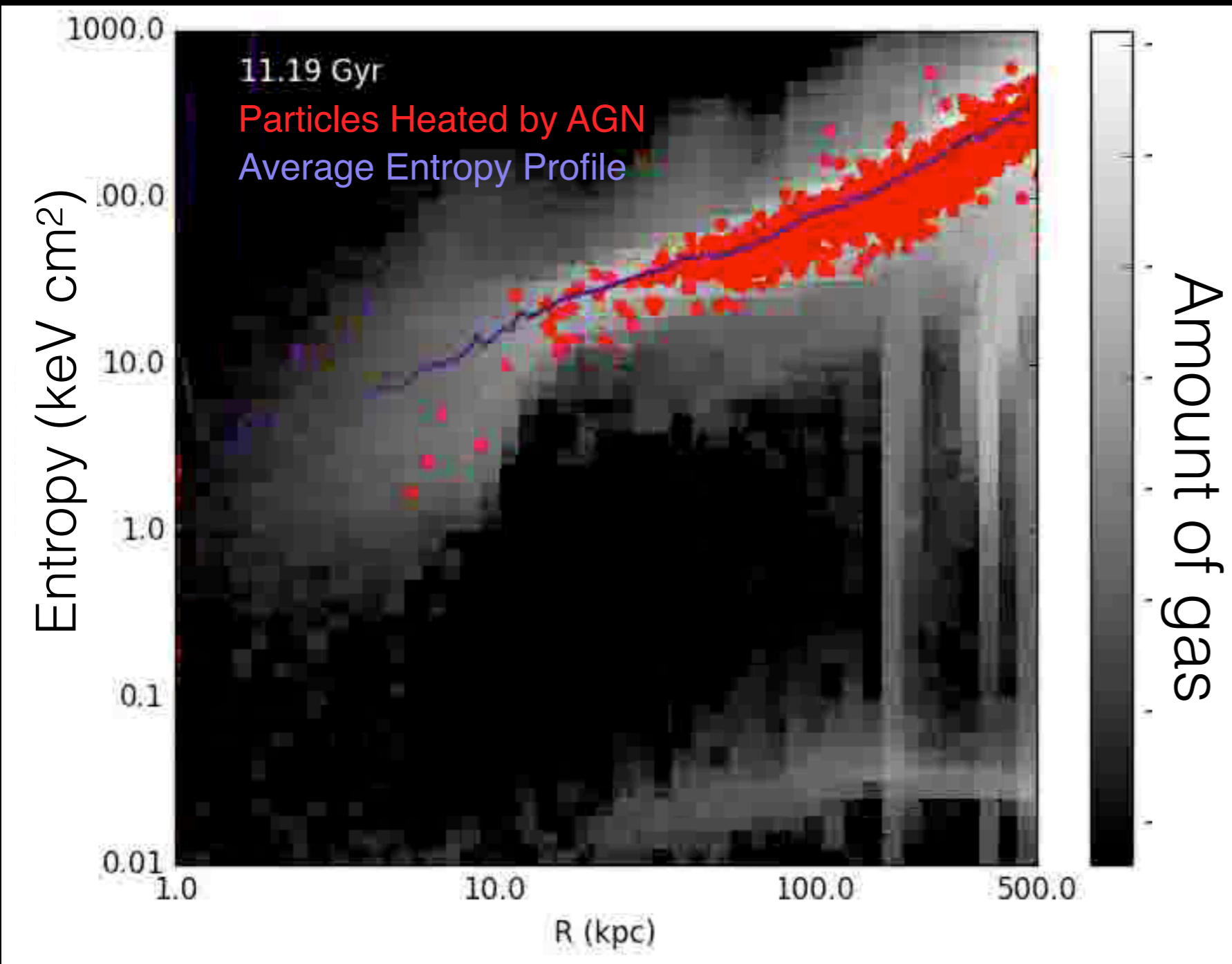
AGN quenches BCG without disrupting structure of Intracluster medium



Tremmel+ 2018, submitted

# Quenching of a Brightest Cluster Galaxy

AGN outflows help **control rates of precipitation** of gas from the ICM



**Precipitation** of low entropy gas powers both SF and AGN

Voit+ 14,17,18

Li+ 14,15,17

Gaspari+ 13,17

Tremblay+ 18

Precipitation at **10-100 kpc** scales suppressed by AGN.

Steepening entropy profile at **<10 kpc** prevents infall of precipitated gas

Chadayammuri, Tremmel+ in prep

# Summary

- Major mergers + AGN feedback is a robust mechanism for quenching SF in galaxies across cosmic time
- **Large-scale winds affect gas inflow from the halo**, regulating and in some cases quenching star formation
- BH outflows do not destroy, but rather **coexist with the galaxy/ nearby gas structure**
- **Regulation of gas precipitation by AGN outflows**

