



*Cosmic rays in galaxy formation: acceleration,
transport, feedback*

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in collaboration with

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Outline

- 1 Cosmic rays in galaxies
 - Cosmic ray transport
 - Global galaxy models

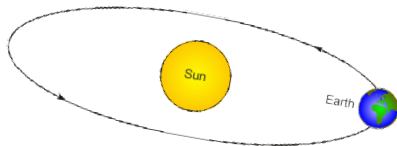
- 2 AGN feedback
 - Cosmic ray heating
 - Cosmic rays in jets

Cosmic ray feedback: an extreme multi-scale problem



Milky Way-like galaxy:

$$r_{\text{gal}} \sim 10^4 \text{ pc}$$



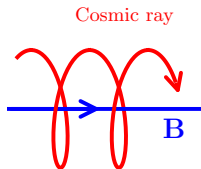
gyro-orbit of GeV cosmic ray:

$$r_{\text{cr}} = \frac{p_{\perp}}{e B_{\mu\text{G}}} \sim 10^{-6} \text{ pc} \sim \frac{1}{4} \text{ AU}$$

⇒ need to develop a **fluid theory for a collisionless, non-Maxwellian component!**

Zweibel (2017), Jiang & Oh (2018), Thomas & CP (2018)

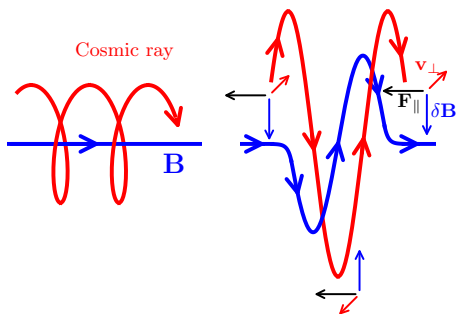
Interactions of CRs and magnetic fields



sketch: Jacob



Interactions of CRs and magnetic fields



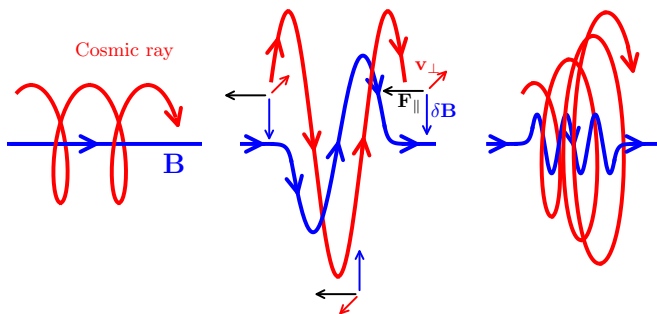
sketch: Jacob

- **gyro resonance:**

$$\omega - k_{\parallel} v_{\parallel} = n\Omega$$

Doppler-shifted MHD frequency is a multiple of the CR gyrofrequency

Interactions of CRs and magnetic fields

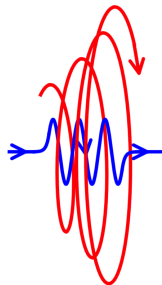


sketch: Jacob

- **gyro resonance:** $\omega - k_{\parallel} v_{\parallel} = n\Omega$
Doppler-shifted MHD frequency is a multiple of the CR gyrofrequency
- CRs scatter on magnetic fields \rightarrow isotropization of CR momenta

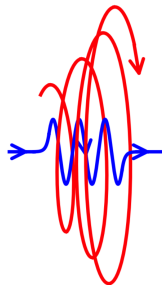
CR streaming and diffusion

- **CR streaming instability:** Kulsrud & Pearce 1969
 - if $v_{\text{CR}} > v_A$, CR flux excites and amplifies an Alfvén wave field in resonance with the gyroradii of CRs
 - scattering off of this wave field limits the (GeV) CRs' bulk speed $\sim v_A$
 - wave damping: **transfer of CR energy and momentum to the thermal gas**



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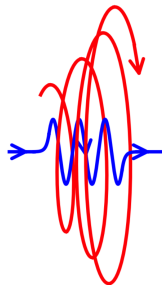


→ *CRs exert pressure on thermal gas via scattering on Alfvén waves*

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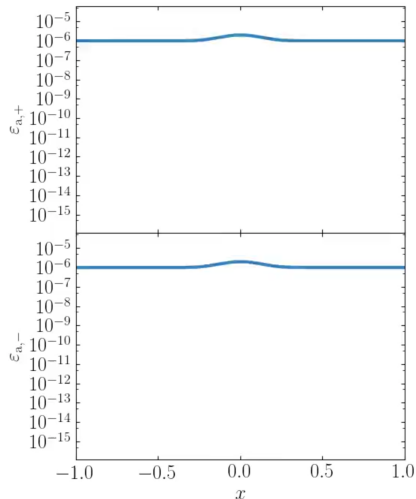
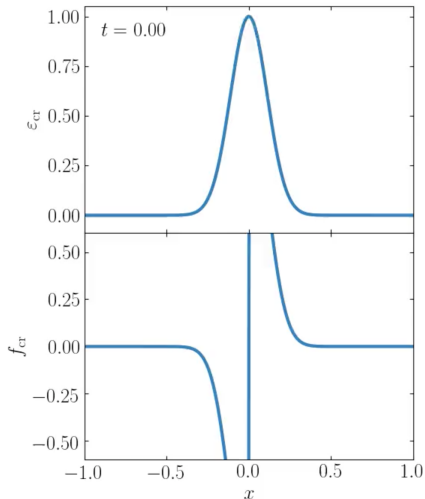
→ *CRs exert pressure on thermal gas via scattering on Alfvén waves*

weak wave damping: strong coupling → CR stream with waves

strong wave damping: less waves to scatter → CR diffusion prevails

Non-equilibrium CR streaming and diffusion

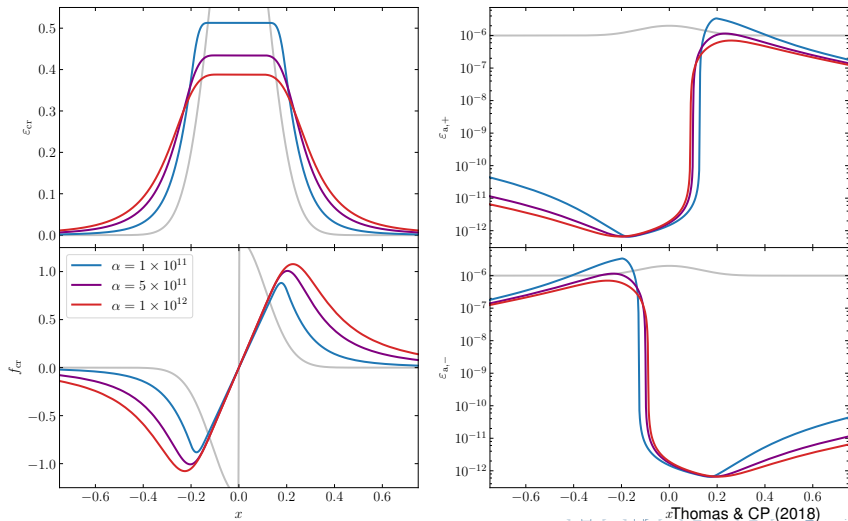
Coupling the evolution of CR and Alfvén wave energy densities



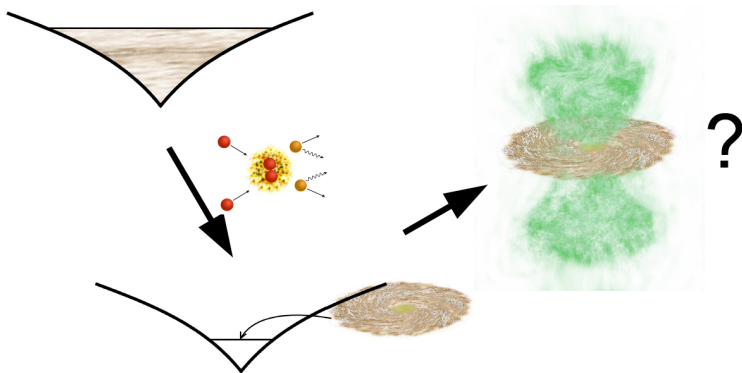
Thomas & CP (2018)

Non-equilibrium CR streaming and diffusion

Varying damping rate of Alfvén waves modulates the diffusivity of solution



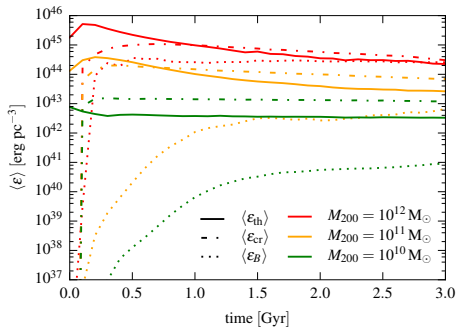
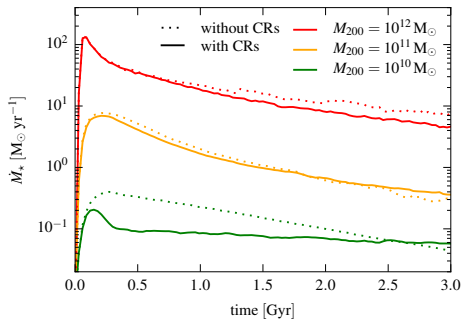
Galaxy simulation setup: 1. cosmic ray advection



CP, Pakmor, Schaal, Simpson, Springel (2017)
Simulating cosmic ray physics on a moving mesh

MHD + cosmic ray advection: $\{10^{10}, 10^{11}, 10^{12}\} M_{\odot}$

Time evolution of SFR and energy densities



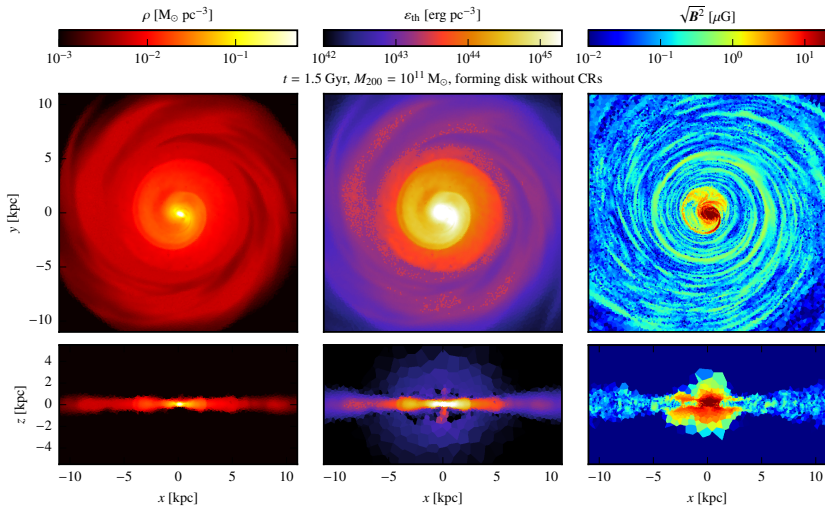
CP, Pakmor, Schaal, Simpson, Springel (2017)

- CR pressure feedback suppresses SFR more in smaller galaxies
- energy budget in disks is dominated by CR pressure
- magnetic dynamo faster in Milky Way galaxies than in dwarfs



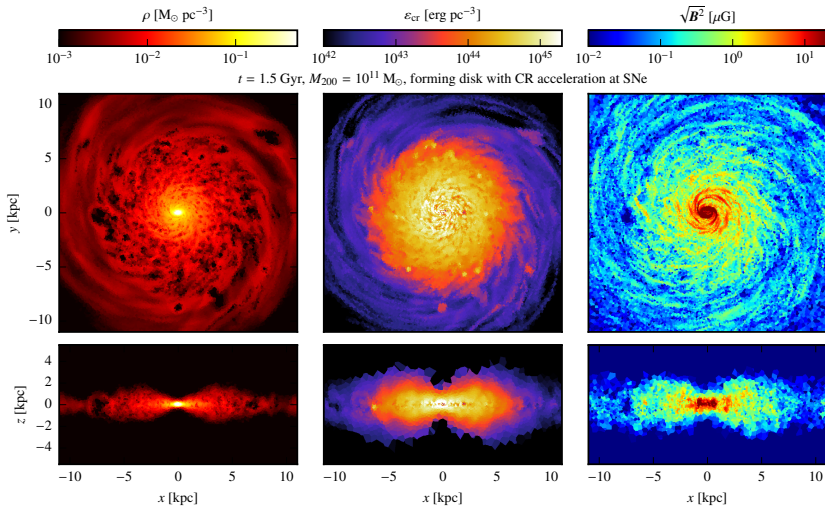
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MHD galaxy simulation without CRs



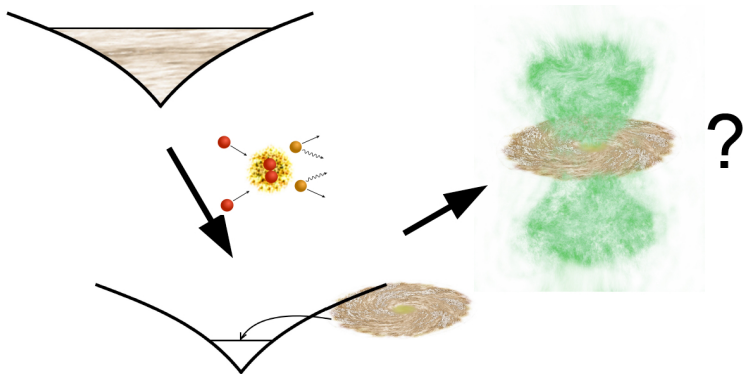
CP, Pakmor, Schaal, Simpson, Springel (2017)

MHD galaxy simulation with CRs



CP, Pakmor, Schaal, Simpson, Springel (2017)

Galaxy simulation setup: 2. cosmic ray diffusion



Pakmor, CP, Simpson, Springel (2016)

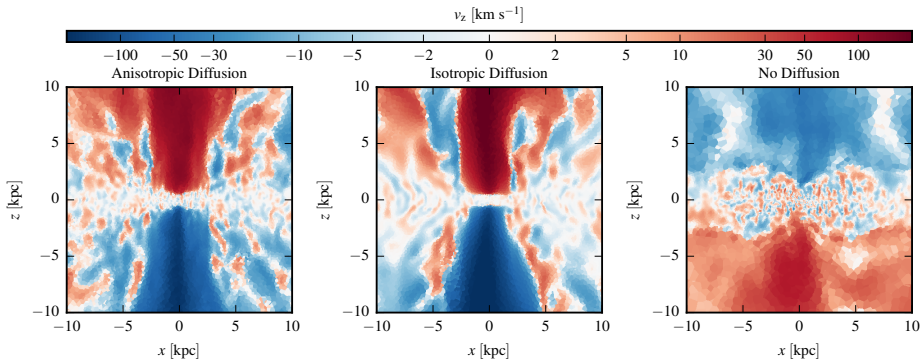
Galactic winds driven by isotropic and anisotropic cosmic ray diffusion in isolated disk galaxies

MHD + CR advection + diffusion: $10^{11} M_{\odot}$



AIP

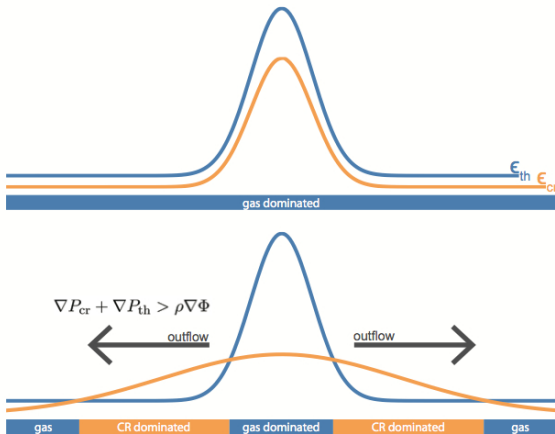
MHD galaxy simulation with CR diffusion



Pakmor, CP, Simpson, Springel (2016)

- CR diffusion launches powerful winds
- simulation without CR diffusion exhibits only weak fountain flows

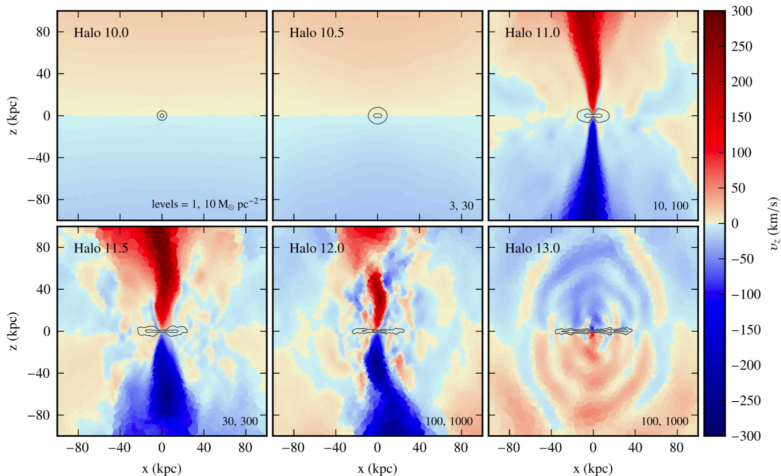
Cosmic ray driven wind: mechanism



CR streaming in 3D simulations: Uhlig, CP+ (2012), Ruszkowski+ (2017)

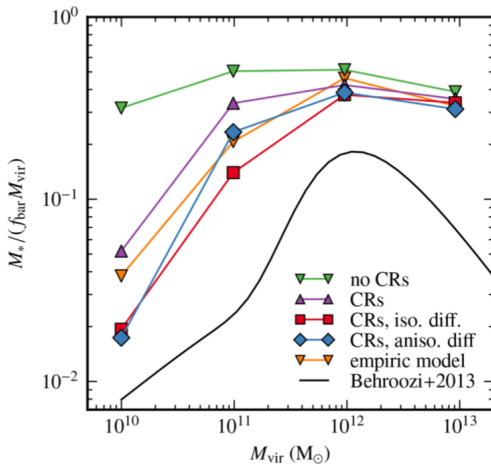
CR diffusion in 3D simulations: Jubelgas+ (2008), Booth+ (2013), Hanasz+ (2013), Salem & Bryan (2014), Pakmor, CP+ (2016), Simpson+ (2016), Girichidis+ (2016), Dubois+ (2016), CP+ (2017), Jacob+ (2018)

CR-driven winds: dependence on halo mass



Jacob+ (2018)

CR-driven winds: suppression of star formation



Jacob+ (2018)

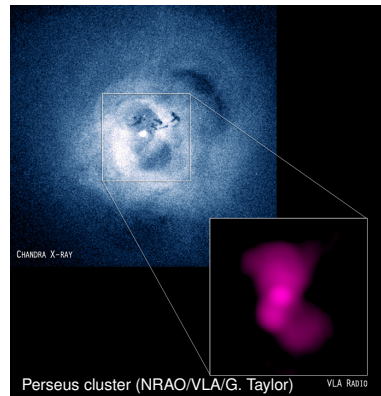


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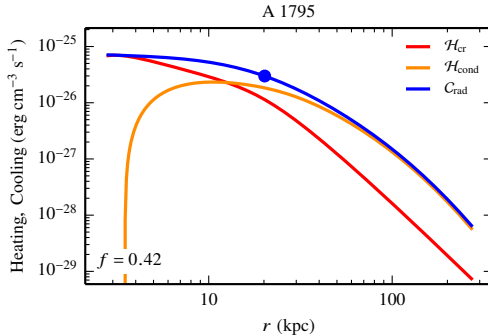
Feedback by active galactic nuclei

Paradigm: accreting super-massive black holes at galaxy cluster centers launch relativistic jets, which provide energetic feedback to balance cooling \Rightarrow **but how?**

- Jacob & CP (2017a,b): study large sample of **40 cool core clusters**
- spherically symmetric steady-state solutions where **cosmic ray heating** balances **radiative cooling**



Case study A1795: heating and cooling



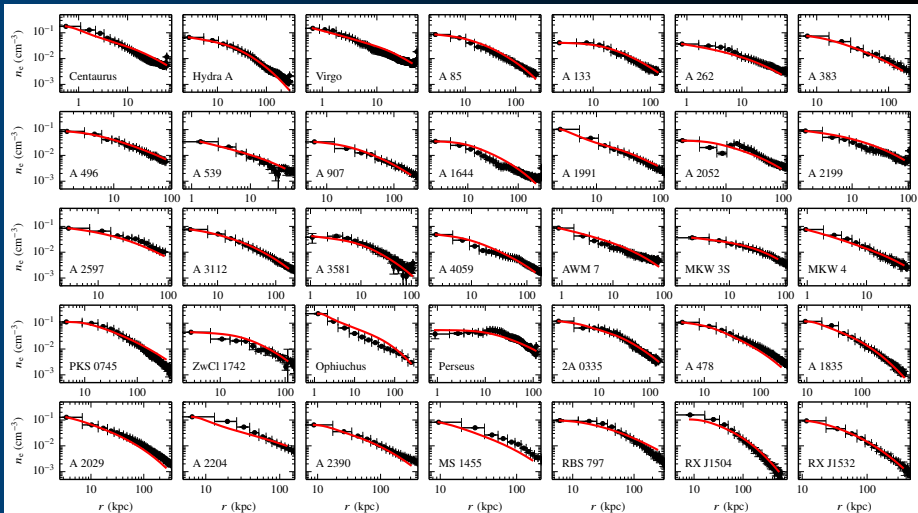
Jacob & CP (2016a)

- CR heating dominates in the center
- conductive heating takes over at larger radii, $\kappa = 0.42\kappa_{\text{Sp}}$
- $\mathcal{H}_{\text{cr}} + \mathcal{H}_{\text{cond}} \approx C_{\text{rad}}$: modest mass deposition rate of $1 M_{\odot} \text{yr}^{-1}$

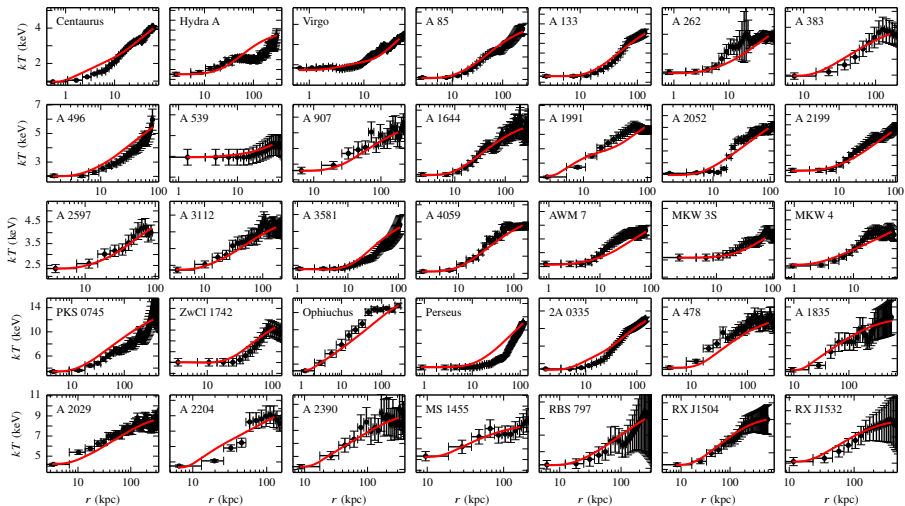


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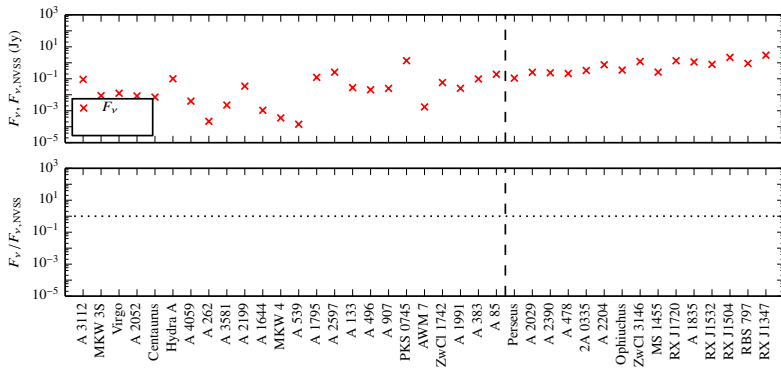
Gallery of solutions: density profiles



Gallery of solutions: temperature profiles

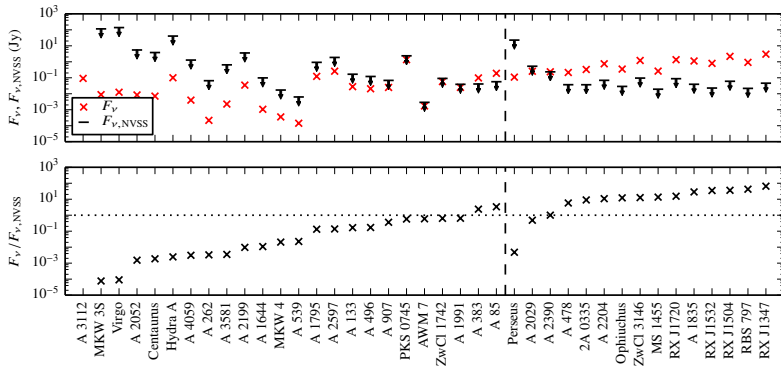


Hadronically induced radio emission



Jacob & CP (2017b)

Hadronically induced radio emission: NVSS limits



Jacob & CP (2017b)

- continuous sequence in $F_{\nu,\text{pred}}/F_{\nu,\text{NVSS}}$
- CR heating viable solution for non-RMH clusters
- CR heating solution ruled out in radio mini halos (RMHs)



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How can we explain these results?

- self-regulated feedback cycle driven by CRs



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cluster cools and triggers AGN activity



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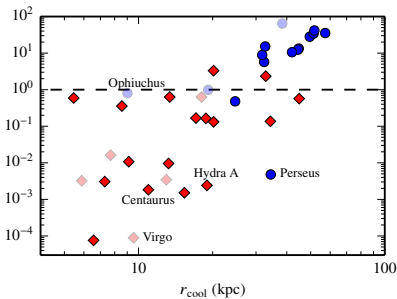
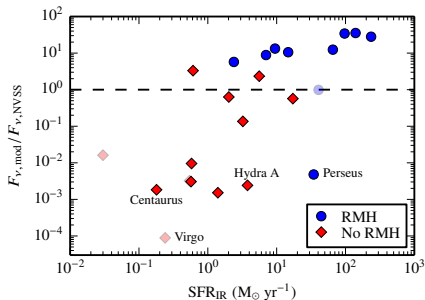
CRs stream outwards and become too dilute to heat the cluster



radio mini halo



Self-regulated heating/cooling cycle in cool cores

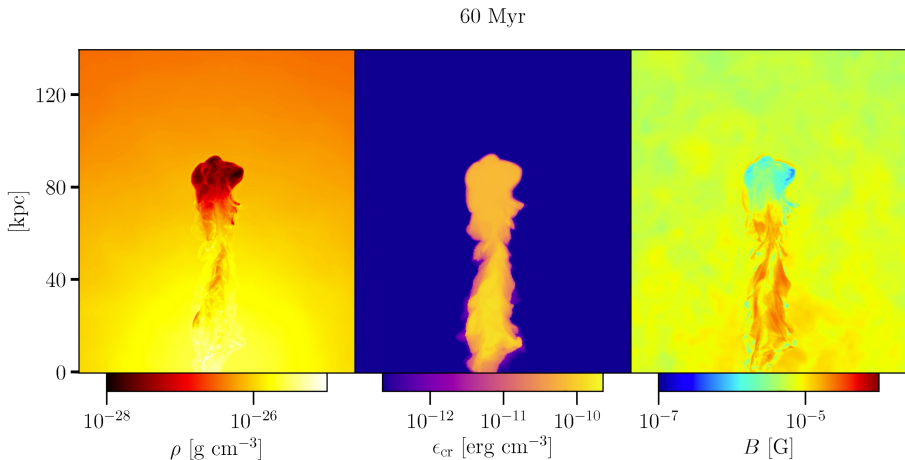


Jacob & CP (2017b)

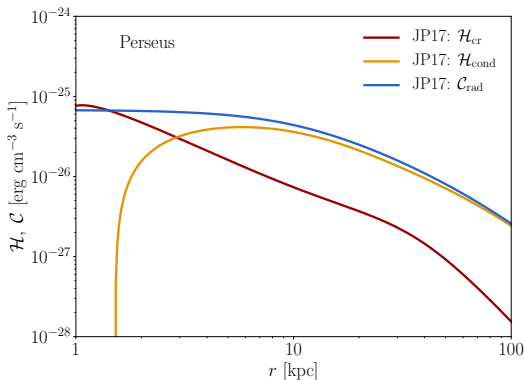
possibly CR-heated cool cores vs. radio mini halo clusters:

- simmering SF: CR heating is effectively balancing cooling
- abundant SF: heating/cooling out of balance

Jet simulation: gas density, CR energy density, B field



Perseus cluster – heating vs. cooling: theory

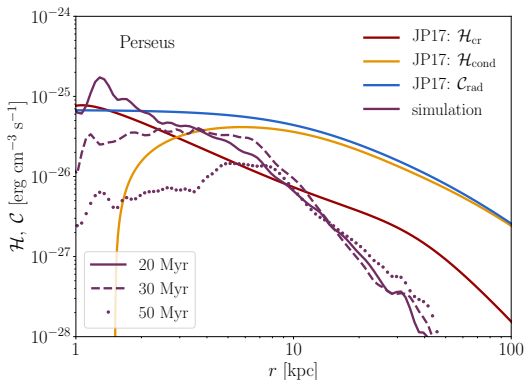


Ehler, Weinberger, CP+ (2018)

- CR and conductive heating balance radiative cooling:

$$\mathcal{H}_{\text{cr}} + \mathcal{H}_{\text{th}} \approx C_{\text{rad}}: \text{modest mass deposition rate of } 1 M_{\odot} \text{ yr}^{-1}$$

Perseus cluster – heating vs. cooling: simulations



Ehler, Weinberger, CP+ (2018)

- CR and conductive heating balance radiative cooling:
 $\mathcal{H}_{cr} + \mathcal{H}_{th} \approx C_{rad}$: modest mass deposition rate of $1 M_{\odot} \text{ yr}^{-1}$
- **simulated CR heating rate matches 1D steady state model**

Conclusions on CR feedback in galaxies and clusters

- CR pressure feedback slows down star formation
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outlook: improved modeling of plasma physics, follow CR spectra, cosmological settings

need: comparison to resolved radio/ γ -ray observations → **SKA/CTA**



CRAGSMAN: The Impact of Cosmic RAYs on Galaxy and CluSter ForMation



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Literature for the talk

Cosmic ray transport:

- Thomas, Pfrommer, *Cosmic-ray hydrodynamics: Alfvén-wave regulated transport of cosmic rays*, 2018.

Cosmic ray feedback in galaxies:

- Pfrommer, Pakmor, Schaal, Simpson, Springel, *Simulating cosmic ray physics on a moving mesh*, 2017a, MNRAS.
- Pakmor, Pfrommer, Simpson, Springel, *Galactic winds driven by isotropic and anisotropic cosmic ray diffusion in isolated disk galaxies*, 2016, ApJL.
- Jacob, Pakmor, Simpson, Springel, Pfrommer, *The dependence of cosmic ray driven galactic winds on halo mass*, 2018, MNRAS.

Cosmic ray feedback in galaxy clusters:

- Jacob & Pfrommer, *Cosmic ray heating in cool core clusters I: diversity of steady state solutions*, 2017a, MNRAS.
- Jacob & Pfrommer, *Cosmic ray heating in cool core clusters II: self-regulation cycle and non-thermal emission*, 2017b, MNRAS.
- Ehlert, Weinberger, Pfrommer, Pakmor, Springel, *Simulations of the dynamics of magnetised jets and cosmic rays in galaxy clusters*, 2018, MNRAS.

